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RESEARCH MEMORANDUM

EFFECTS OF AIRFOIL PROFILE ON THE TWO-DIMENSIONAL
FLUTTER DERIVATIVES FOR WINGS OSCILLATING
IN PITCH AT HIGH SUBSONIC SPEEDS

By John A. Wyss and James C. Monfort

Ames Aeronautical Laboratory
Moffett Field, Calif.

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**NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE
FOR AERONAUTICS**

WASHINGTON

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RESEARCH MEMORANDUMEFFECTS OF AIRFOIL PROFILE ON THE TWO-DIMENSIONAL
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SUMMARY

Aerodynamic lift and moment flutter derivatives were determined at high subsonic speeds for a series of two-dimensional airfoils varying in thickness and thickness distribution. The wings were sinusoidally oscillated about the quarter-chord axis at Mach numbers from about 0.5 to 0.9. The corresponding reduced frequency ranges varied from 0.045 to 0.45 at $M = 0.5$ and from 0.025 to 0.25 at $M = 0.9$. An evaluation of the results indicated that wing profile and angle of attack have major effects on the flutter derivatives at speeds exceeding the Mach number for steady-state lift divergence. In general, at supercritical Mach numbers the trends of the magnitudes of the oscillatory lift coefficients were qualitatively indicated by the trends of the nonoscillatory coefficients, with phase angles, except for the 12-percent-thick airfoil, having only moderate deviation from subsonic theory. The variations in the magnitude of the moment derivative and in its phase angle, resulted in a trend toward instability at supercritical Mach numbers. In particular, for airfoils of equal thickness the effect of an extreme forward location of maximum thickness was destabilizing in that negative aerodynamic damping existed, implying the possibility of a single degree of freedom type of flutter. Decreasing airfoil thickness delayed the large deviation from subsonic theory to higher Mach numbers.

INTRODUCTION

This report is concerned with the evaluation of the effects of airfoil profile on the lift and moment flutter derivatives as measured, by means of pressure cells, on harmonically vibrating two-dimensional wings at high subsonic speeds. It is well-known that theory does not account properly for such factors as flow separation and shock formation, hence, the aircraft designer must of necessity look to experimental values

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whenever such mixed-flow conditions are encountered. Numerous previous investigations at lower speeds, such as those by Clevenson and Widmayer (ref. 1) and by Halfman (ref. 2), may be cited. With the use of a different measuring technique, the present work extends these previous investigations to higher Mach numbers so that emphasis may be placed upon supercritical speeds for which information is meager or nonexistent.

Since wing profile may be expected to have a significant effect on mixed-flow conditions, several models were used to determine the effects of wing thickness and thickness distribution on the flutter derivatives. NACA 65A series symmetrical airfoils, 12, 8, and 4 percent thick, were used along with two other 8-percent-thick airfoils with their maximum thickness at about 16 and 63 percent of the wing chord. The models were oscillated about the quarter-chord axis at Mach numbers from 0.5 to 0.9 with reduced frequency ranges from 0.045 to 0.45 and from 0.025 to 0.25, respectively. Reynolds numbers, based on the airfoil chord, varied from 5 to 8 million.

SYMBOLS

a	velocity of sound in undisturbed air, ft/sec
b	wing semichord, ft
c_l	dynamic section lift coefficient
c_m	dynamic section moment coefficient about quarter point of chord
f	frequency of oscillation, cps
k	reduced frequency, $\frac{\omega b}{V}$
M	Mach number, $\frac{V}{a}$
M_α	oscillatory aerodynamic section moment on wing about axis of rotation, positive with leading edge up
P_α	oscillatory aerodynamic section lift on wing, positive upwards
q	free-stream dynamic pressure, lb/sq ft
V	free-stream velocity, ft/sec

α	oscillatory angular displacement (pitch) about axis of rotation, positive with leading edge up, radians
α_m	mean angle of attack about which oscillation takes place, deg
θ	phase angle between oscillatory moment and position α , positive for moment leading α , deg
ϕ	phase angle between oscillatory lift and position α , positive for lift leading α , deg
ω	circular frequency, $2\pi f$, radians/sec
$\left \frac{dc_l}{d\alpha} \right $	magnitude of dynamic lift-curve slope, $\left \frac{P_\alpha e^{-i\phi}}{2bq\alpha} \right $, per radian
$\left \frac{dc_m}{d\alpha} \right $	magnitude of dynamic moment-curve slope, $\left \frac{M_\alpha e^{-i\theta}}{4b^2q\alpha} \right $, per radian
$\left \frac{dc_m}{d\alpha} \right \sin \theta$	aerodynamic damping component in phase with angular velocity

APPARATUS AND METHOD

Models and Instrumentation

The 12- and 8-percent-thick airfoils, NACA 65A012, 65A008, 2-008, and 877A008¹ profiles, were of wood-rib and wood-stressed-skin construction built around steel spars at the quarter chord, which was the axis of rotation. Several wood spars at other chordwise locations were used to minimize spanwise twisting since the models were driven from one side. The 4-percent-thick model, of NACA 65A004 profile, was machined from solid aluminum with a parting line in the chord plane. The upper and lower halves of this model were bolted and doweled together. Each model had a chord of 24 inches and a span of 18-1/4 inches. The gaps between the ends of the models and tunnel walls were sealed with sliding spring-loaded felt pads or brass strips which moved with the models.

¹An NACA 847A110 airfoil was modified to a symmetrical section by using the lower surface coordinates for both upper and lower surfaces and then reducing the thickness ratio to 8 percent.

In figure 1, the model profiles are illustrated to show the variation of thickness and thickness distribution. The reference model, NACA 65A008, is marked to indicate the locations of the pressure cells. Model instrumentation consisted of 15 flush-type pressure cells (see refs. 3 and 4) and 15 pressure orifices along the midspan of each surface of each model. The pressure orifices adjacent to each pressure cell were used for two purposes: (1) as a means to determine the time-average chordwise pressure distribution with the use of a multiple mercury manometer, and (2) to provide an internal reference pressure for the pressure cells. The tubes from each cell and from the adjacent pressure orifice were interconnected at the manometer. In order that the internal reference pressure of the pressure cells would be essentially steady, about 50 feet of 1/16-inch tubing was used from the orifice to the manometer and back to the pressure cell.

Two 14-channel oscillographs were used to record the instantaneous electrical difference of the output of each pair of cells (proportional to the pressure difference between the upper and lower surface at each chord station) and to record the summation of all cells (proportional to the variation of the lift force). The output of an NACA slide-wire position transducer, proportional to the model angle of attack, was simultaneously recorded.

Tunnel, Model Drive System, and Tests

The models were oscillated in the two-dimensional test section in the Ames 16-foot high-speed wind tunnel (ref. 5). The two-dimensional channel was about 20 feet long and 16 feet high. A view of a model in place and a diagrammatic sketch of the drive system are presented in figure 2. The drive rods and sector arm attached to the model were contained within one of the channel walls.

Records were obtained with Mach number and mean angle of attack constant for frequencies from 4 to 40 cycles per second at intervals of 4 cycles per second and for an amplitude of $\pm 1^\circ$. Data are presented for mean angles of attack of 0° and 2° and for Mach numbers from 0.5 to about 0.9. Sample oscillograph records which illustrate the necessity for harmonic analysis at the higher Mach numbers are given in figure 3. The lift was evaluated by a 12-point harmonic analysis of three consecutive cycles of the sum trace. The pitching moment was evaluated by a 12-point harmonic analysis of the individual cell traces for one cycle.

Since the investigation was conducted in a closed-throat tunnel, the effects of wind-tunnel resonance must be accounted for either by avoiding conditions in which tunnel-wall effects are significant or by correcting the results for the effects of the tunnel walls (refs. 6 and 7). Calculations made at the Langley and Ames Laboratories employing

the single-doublet-line, single-control-point solution described in reference 7 yielded the following results for a tunnel height of 16 feet, wing chord of 2 feet, and Mach number of 0.7: At frequencies of 10, 20, and 40.66 cycles per second, the magnitudes of the coefficients were increased by 3.8, 5.0, and 4.7 percent, respectively, due to the presence of the tunnel walls. These results indicate that, for the conditions of the calculations, the effect of the tunnel walls was small. However, for mixed-flow conditions, the application of such corrections based on potential flow would be questionable; hence, to minimize tunnel-wall effects, all data obtained at frequencies within 10 percent of the tunnel resonant frequency (refs. 6 and 7) have been omitted. Although the use of such a procedure does not mean tunnel-wall effects have been completely eliminated over the entire frequency range, it is felt that tunnel-wall effects are not a predominant factor in the trends of the data.

For a discussion of other factors influencing the precision of the data, the reader is referred to references 3 and 4.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

A tabulation of the measured derivatives is contained in tables I, II, III, IV, and V for the NACA 65A012, 65A008, 65A004, 2-008, and 877A008 airfoils, respectively. The results concerning lift derivatives are first discussed and are presented in figures 4 to 10, followed by a discussion and the presentation of the moment derivatives in figures 11 to 15.

Lift

Experimental values for the reference model for three representative Mach numbers are presented in figure 4 as a function of reduced frequency. In this figure, as in subsequent figures, the absolute magnitude of the flutter derivative is expressed in terms of the slope of the lift curve per radian and the corresponding phase-angle relationship between the lift vector and model angle of attack in degrees. Theoretical values at Mach numbers of 0.5, 0.6, and 0.7 may be obtained from the work of Dietze (refs. 8 and 9), and at Mach numbers of 0.8 and 1.0 from Minhinnick (ref. 10) and Nelson and Berman (ref. 11), respectively.

In this figure it may be noted that at 0.49 and 0.79 Mach numbers the flutter derivatives tend to increase with increasing reduced frequency; furthermore, there seems to be a large variation in the phase angle at low values of reduced frequency at 0.79 Mach number. However,

Mach number appears to have had a greater effect on the data than did frequency at 0.91 Mach number.

Typical results as a function of Mach number are presented in figure 5 for the reference model, the NACA 65A008 airfoil. The lines showing the theoretical values are identified at one end by the frequency in cycles per second to which they pertain. Since theoretical values have been computed in the cited references only at certain Mach numbers which have already been indicated, an interpolation was necessary to obtain values at intermediate Mach numbers. Although such an interpolation inherently involves some error, a consistent set of values was nevertheless established and was used for the purpose of determining the effects of varying airfoil shape.

To distinguish between the various frequencies, the experimental and theoretical values are each paired with the same type of line. For example, the experimental and theoretical values for a frequency of 8 cycles per second are each shown with a solid line. Examination of the experimental data for a frequency of 8 cycles per second indicates that the trends of both experiment and theory were the same at low Mach numbers. As Mach number increased, a large decrease in the magnitude of the experimental derivative occurred, accompanied by a variation of phase angle such that the trend toward increasing lag was reversed. Although the agreement with theory was not precise at the lower Mach numbers, it may be seen that the general trends for all frequencies were nearly the same.

The data from figure 5 are presented in a different form in figure 6; the experimental magnitude has been divided by the theoretical magnitude, and the theoretical phase angle has been subtracted from the experimental phase angle. These quantities are also shown as a function of Mach number. If the experimental and theoretical values exactly agreed, the ratio of the magnitudes of the derivatives would be 1, while the difference in phase angle would be 0. The paired lines represent the average deviation from theory for the entire frequency range up to 40 cycles per second.

It is of interest to note that the individual points do not indicate an entirely random scatter about the mean line for the various frequencies. For example, examination of the points for 40 cycles per second in the top portion of the figure shows that these points are usually the uppermost value at each Mach number. Hence, this figure not only provides some indication of the range of the experimental values, but illustrates the fact that, although the values depend on frequency, the general variations with Mach number are represented by the paired average curves.

The use of the average deviation from theory appears to be justified since it is representative of each model. For example, in figure 6 it may be noted that all the experimental points lie within a comparatively

narrow band along the faired curves with the exception of the higher frequencies in the upper portion of the figure. In fact, a band of width ± 0.15 in the upper portion of the figure and a band of width $\pm 10^\circ$ in the lower portion of the figure would contain about 80 percent of all the experimental points. These results are typical of all the models. It might be noted that the averaging process used has the effect of removing frequency as a parameter. It should be noted that each model was oscillated at the same amplitude and through the same range of frequencies, hence the average deviation from theory indicates the over-all effects of airfoil shape and the general trends of the data.

Effect of thickness distribution.- The effects of the variation of thickness distribution as indicated by the curves showing the average deviation from theory over the frequency range tested are summarized in figure 7 for mean angles of attack of 0° and 2° . It would appear from this figure that the main effect of the chordwise location of maximum thickness was on the magnitudes of the derivatives rather than on phase angles, although no systematic trend is apparent.

Effect of wing thickness.- The results showing the effects of wing thickness are presented in figure 8. At an angle of attack of 0° , wing thickness appears to have had a much more pronounced effect than wing-thickness distribution (fig. 8(a) as compared to fig. 7(a)). As might be expected, the primary effect of reducing wing thickness was to delay any large deviation from theory to a higher Mach number.

At an angle of attack of 2° (fig. 8(b)), large differences over the entire range of Mach numbers occurred between the models in the magnitudes of the derivatives.

Comparison with steady-state results.- In order to examine whether any relation existed between unsteady and steady-state results, a comparison with steady-state results obtained from the time-average chordwise pressure distributions for mean angles of attack of 0° and 2° is made in figures 9 and 10. In these figures, the steady-state data have been normalized with the Prandtl-Glauert value of the theoretical lift-curve slope. It may be recalled that the Prandtl-Glauert curve is also obtained as an end condition as the frequency of oscillation approaches zero.

Examination of these figures indicates that although there appears to be some parallelism or similarity between the steady and unsteady curves, the comparison between the steady and unsteady values is at best only qualitative. For example, in neither figure 9 nor figure 10 do the unsteady and steady-state curves coincide throughout the entire range of Mach numbers. It should also be noted that, with the exception of the NACA 65A012 airfoil at a mean angle of attack of 2° (fig. 10(b)), the unsteady values approached theory more closely than did the steady-state

values, particularly at the lower Mach numbers, that is, from $M = 0.5$ to 0.7 . Although the effect of the higher frequencies in increasing the level of the curves for the unsteady case may in part account for the differences between the curves, this effect is small. However, the one characteristic that is common to both the unsteady and steady curves in almost every case is a trend toward a reduction in magnitude at the highest Mach numbers. The Mach number at which this trend initiates cannot be precisely delimited, nevertheless, for the three NACA 65A-series airfoils at a mean angle of attack of 0° (fig. 10(a)), the unsteady lift trend appears to be associated with the steady-state flow changes which occur above the Mach number for lift divergence.

It would therefore appear that as a first approximation the Mach number for lift divergence may be taken as a criterion for the onset of significant changes in the trends of the unsteady values, and that this trend toward a decrease in the magnitude of the unsteady values is related to the trend of the steady-state data. It should be pointed out that this conclusion is not as evident for the NACA 2-008 and 877A008 airfoils (fig. 9) and for the NACA 65A004 airfoil at a mean angle of attack of 2° (fig. 10(b)), since these figures indicate that the correlation between the Mach number for lift divergence and the initiation of a downward trend of the unsteady values is not precise and they may differ by as much as 0.1 . However, it is felt that there is sufficient evidence presented in figures 9 and 10 to indicate that steady-state values may prove useful as a qualitative indication of the trends of the unsteady-state coefficients at supercritical Mach numbers.

For the steady-state condition the phase angle is, of course, zero; therefore no corollary for the phase angle with relation to the oscillatory condition is possible. However, except for the 12-percent-thick wing, the phase angle shows only a moderate deviation from theory throughout the speed range of the present investigation.

Moment

The moment derivatives for the reference model as a function of reduced frequency for several Mach numbers are presented in figure 11 and as a function of Mach number in figure 12. A comparison of these figures indicates that even though there may have been a greater effect due to frequency on the moment derivatives than had been the case for the lift derivatives, from figure 12 it appears that the effects of Mach number are similar for all frequencies. Hence, the effects of airfoil profile are again compared on the basis of the faired average curves in figure 12 which represent the average deviation from theory over the entire frequency range.

In contrast to the lift results previously presented in figure 6, the magnitudes of the moment derivatives greatly exceeded the theoretical values, along with a much larger variation of phase angle as compared with theory. These results may be attributed to the fact that the comparison is between very small quantities in regard to the magnitude of the derivatives, since the moment is taken about the quarter-chord axis, and to small movements of the center of pressure which would be reflected in large changes of phase angle. The general trends of the results, nevertheless, are represented by the faired average curves.

Effect of thickness distribution.- The effects of the variation of the chordwise location of maximum thickness are shown in figure 13. An apparent characteristic of the NACA 2-008 airfoil, with a forward location of maximum thickness, is a large shift toward a lagging phase angle as Mach number increased above 0.8, such that the phase angle lagged theory by 80° and 90° at angles of attack of 0° and 2° , respectively. The effects of such large shifts in phase angle are discussed in relation to subsequent figures.

Effect of wing thickness.- The effects of wing thickness on the moment derivatives are shown in figure 14. As might be expected, the primary effect of decreasing wing thickness was again to delay any large variations to a higher Mach number.

Instability.- Since there was such a large variation at the higher Mach numbers from the subsonic theoretical values, it is of basic importance to examine the damping-moment derivatives directly to determine whether instability, or the existence of negative aerodynamic damping (implying the possibility of a single degree of freedom type of flutter), which is not predicted by the theory, existed at these speeds. The average damping-moment derivatives for the entire frequency range are therefore presented in figure 15. Also included in this figure are dashed lines indicating average values derived from theory for the corresponding frequency range.

The effect of wing-thickness distribution on aerodynamic damping is shown in figure 15(a) for each mean angle of attack. It may be noted that there was a trend toward instability for each model, with the NACA 2-008 airfoil becoming abruptly unstable at about 0.85 Mach number at 0° and 2° angles of attack. It would appear that stability about the quarter-chord axis increased as maximum thickness was moved toward the trailing edge.

The effect of wing thickness on the aerodynamic damping moment is shown in figure 15(b) for each angle of attack. Although the trend toward instability does not appear at 0° angle of attack for the NACA 65A004 profile, the susceptibility of the thinner wing to negative aerodynamic damping is clearly indicated at the 2° mean angle of attack.

CONCLUSIONS

Within the limitations of speed range and angle-of-attack variation of the investigation, the following general conclusions may be drawn:

1. Section profile has a major effect on the flutter derivatives at speeds exceeding the Mach number for steady-state lift divergence.
2. It appears that the variation in angle of attack has an effect as important as the effect of the variation in profile.
3. In general, at supercritical Mach numbers, a qualitative evaluation of the results indicated that the trends of the magnitudes of the oscillatory lift coefficients were indicated by the trends of the non-oscillatory lift coefficients, with phase angles, except for the 12-percent-thick model, showing only a moderate deviation from theory.
4. The variations in the magnitude of the moment derivative and in its phase angle, resulted in a trend toward instability at supercritical Mach numbers. In particular, for airfoils of equal thickness the effect of an extreme forward location of maximum thickness was destabilizing in that negative aerodynamic damping existed, implying the possibility of a single degree of freedom type of flutter.

Ames Aeronautical Laboratory
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics
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TABLE I.- MEASURED FLUTTER DERIVATIVES FOR THE NACA 65A012 AIRFOIL

$\alpha_m = 0^\circ$							$\alpha_m = 2^\circ$						
M	k	ω	$\frac{dc_l}{d\alpha}$	ϕ	$\frac{dc_m}{d\alpha}$	θ	M	k	ω	$\frac{dc_l}{d\alpha}$	ϕ	$\frac{dc_m}{d\alpha}$	θ
0.491	0.103	57.0	6.394	351.8	---	---	0.491	0.058	31.7	6.520	354.6	---	---
	.184	101.8	5.466	358.8	---	---		.094	51.1	5.578	354.1	---	---
	.282	155.9	5.099	355.5	---	---		.136	74.1	5.574	0.0	---	---
.590	.077	51.6	7.083	351.7	---	---	.590	.187	102.5	4.989	5.3	---	---
	.152	101.3	6.056	351.9	---	---		.238	130.1	4.987	4.5	---	---
	.229	153.2	5.319	351.2	---	---		.287	157.1	5.341	0.0	---	---
.633	.074	52.6	5.745	355.0	0.531	342.1	.633	.328	179.5	5.058	12.4	---	---
	.111	79.2	5.068	355.5	---	---		.469	256.5	4.823	29.4	---	---
	.144	103.0	5.299	355.5	.590	317.6	.590	.048	31.5	6.523	352.4	0.559	341.7
.682	.183	130.9	4.661	357.3	---	---		.076	50.5	6.262	345.5	---	---
	.218	155.9	4.449	358.0	.585	305.0		.120	79.4	5.925	347.7	---	---
	.252	180.0	4.036	349.6	---	---	.682	.152	100.8	5.965	354.2	.771	317.8
.731	.320	228.5	3.913	15.0	---	---		.198	131.2	5.488	352.5	---	---
	.359	256.5	4.259	16.0	1.008	311.6		.233	154.0	5.213	347.7	.739	297.5
.682	.064	49.8	7.918	344.4	.595	325.4	.682	.347	229.3	4.744	9.2	---	---
	.097	76.0	7.332	339.7	---	---		.384	254.4	5.426	16.1	1.153	304.0
	.130	101.6	6.855	348.2	.658	310.6	.731	.044	34.6	6.216	354.5	---	---
.790	.163	127.3	5.533	337.3	---	---		.066	52.0	5.833	349.2	---	---
	.197	153.7	5.765	346.4	.745	279.7		.101	80.2	5.506	347.3	---	---
	.264	206.2	4.362	2.5	.554	291.5	.790	.131	103.7	5.224	0.4	---	---
.837	.293	229.3	5.118	0.8	---	---		.163	128.9	5.055	348.8	---	---
	.325	254.4	4.932	0.4	.868	278.8		.196	154.8	4.528	342.7	---	---
.731	.062	51.2	8.080	348.1	.634	326.9	.731	.294	232.7	4.290	15.3	---	---
	.098	81.2	8.454	339.5	---	---		.321	253.7	4.329	2.0	---	---
	.121	100.6	7.092	339.5	.675	304.6	.790	.041	34.6	6.788	351.2	.698	340.5
.790	.156	129.4	6.092	328.9	---	---		.060	51.2	6.050	348.9	.642	333.2
	.247	205.6	5.187	356.2	.647	283.0		.093	79.2	5.566	349.8	---	---
.837	.280	232.7	5.299	355.2	---	---	.837	.122	104.5	5.437	351.9	.721	315.6
	.308	256.1	5.018	4.4	.982	279.5		.153	130.4	5.280	346.3	---	---
	.057	52.2	8.576	343.5	.242	305.4		.240	204.9	4.182	359.8	.762	300.4
.885	.086	77.8	8.362	337.9	---	---	.885	.271	231.3	4.375	0.6	---	---
	.114	103.9	7.476	336.4	.045	276.3		.299	255.4	4.282	358.2	1.084	292.6
	.142	129.3	6.137	327.1	---	---	.790	.034	30.9	6.377	353.8	.597	340.3
.885	.199	180.9	4.771	351.7	---	---		.056	50.8	5.981	347.9	.606	316.4
	.226	205.3	4.588	348.9	.464	263.1		.086	77.6	7.353	343.3	---	---
	.256	232.7	5.285	356.6	---	---	.837	.115	103.5	6.628	341.9	.688	277.1
.837	.052	50.8	4.894	354.0	.612	301.6		.139	125.1	5.099	333.5	---	---
	.077	74.7	4.590	342.7	---	---		.198	178.5	3.861	353.3	---	---
	.104	101.5	4.780	351.6	.828	269.9	.885	.225	202.7	4.047	348.9	.557	287.3
.885	.182	177.3	3.515	2.6	---	---		.254	228.8	4.196	358.7	---	---
	.207	200.9	3.597	12.2	.857	256.9		.279	251.6	4.895	0.9	1.126	281.6
.885	.235	228.4	4.444	16.5	---	---	.837	.031	29.6	4.318	355.4	.285	340.8
	.262	255.4	5.123	359.9	1.736	222.0		.054	51.8	4.585	357.6	.606	306.3
	.030	30.7	.965	47.0	2.719	348.1		.080	77.7	4.775	353.3	---	---
.885	.049	50.3	.641	92.7	3.117	348.0	.885	.103	100.2	4.570	356.9	.941	281.4
	.080	82.1	1.725	59.9	---	---		.181	175.5	3.654	348.1	---	---
	.097	99.7	1.884	47.4	2.436	311.4		.208	201.7	4.068	351.4	.675	259.2
.885	.149	153.2	2.681	41.2	1.939	314.4	.885	.244	236.5	4.601	13.9	---	---
	.176	181.3	2.015	29.0	---	---		.261	252.3	5.379	5.1	1.316	242.9
	.201	207.3	1.454	33.2	1.223	304.0	.885	.030	30.7	3.497	347.1	1.256	356.8
	.223	230.4	2.733	32.1	---	---		.049	50.3	2.751	345.4	.879	350.2
	.246	253.3	2.681	2.4	1.867	300.0		.080	82.1	3.032	359.2	---	---
.885	.030	30.7	.965	47.0	2.719	348.1	.885	.097	99.7	2.403	342.9	.712	340.7
	.049	50.3	.641	92.7	3.117	348.0		.149	153.2	2.647	353.5	1.389	0.2
	.080	82.1	1.725	59.9	---	---		.177	181.3	3.564	351.6	---	---
.885	.097	99.7	1.884	47.4	2.436	311.4	.885	.202	207.3	2.122	336.5	1.043	333.5
	.149	153.2	2.681	41.2	1.939	314.4		.225	230.4	3.084	345.6	---	---
	.176	181.3	2.015	29.0	---	---		.247	253.3	3.944	356.4	1.364	301.4
	.201	207.3	1.454	33.2	1.223	304.0	.885	.030	30.7	3.497	347.1	1.256	356.8
	.223	230.4	2.733	32.1	---	---		.049	50.3	2.751	345.4	.879	350.2
	.246	253.3	2.681	2.4	1.867	300.0		.080	82.1	3.032	359.2	---	---

TABLE II.- MEASURED FLUTTER DERIVATIVES FOR THE NACA 65A008 AIRFOIL

$\alpha_m = 0^\circ$							$\alpha_m = 2^\circ$						
M	k	ω	$\frac{dC_L}{d\alpha}$	ϕ	$\frac{dC_M}{d\alpha}$	θ	M	k	ω	$\frac{dC_L}{d\alpha}$	ϕ	$\frac{dC_M}{d\alpha}$	θ
0.491	0.089	48.9	6.186	354.7	---	---	0.492	0.056	30.7	5.356	352.1	---	---
	.142	78.2	5.638	348.3	---	---		.089	48.9	5.074	354.4	---	---
	.184	101.3	5.507	353.3	---	---		.140	76.7	4.613	351.5	---	---
	.234	128.5	5.319	357.0	---	---		.186	101.8	4.571	357.1	---	---
	.280	153.9	6.250	1.9	---	---		.231	126.7	4.205	358.0	---	---
	.322	177.0	5.518	352.5	---	---		.281	154.4	4.510	4.6	---	---
	.457	251.3	5.883	19.2	---	---		.323	177.5	4.443	356.0	---	---
								.463	254.4	4.828	24.2	---	---
.590	.074	49.2	6.697	351.0	0.445	315.8	.590	.031	20.3	6.114	349.6	0.581	341.1
	.116	77.0	5.841	343.6	---	---		.076	50.6	5.803	344.2	.557	331.6
	.152	101.2	5.756	344.9	.626	312.2		.117	77.8	5.263	346.4	---	---
	.191	127.2	5.854	347.5	---	---		.153	102.0	5.237	348.0	.588	307.1
	.234	155.9	5.673	349.1	.775	289.8		.189	125.7	4.883	346.2	---	---
	.270	179.5	5.500	345.2	---	---		.231	153.2	4.975	346.9	.701	284.4
	.347	231.0	5.612	6.7	---	---		.271	180.0	4.646	345.5	---	---
	.383	254.4	6.787	9.5	1.213	290.0		.346	230.1	4.122	13.9	---	---
.680	.065	50.1	6.815	348.9	---	---	.680	.378	251.3	5.246	15.7	.964	281.3
	.102	79.4	6.312	343.0	---	---		.038	29.3	6.618	351.7	.778	341.0
	.130	101.0	6.430	338.4	---	---		.066	51.2	6.183	346.8	.806	331.4
	.187	129.3	6.062	335.7	---	---		.099	76.3	5.972	343.3	---	---
	.199	154.4	5.652	338.2	---	---		.133	102.6	5.753	341.5	.811	309.7
	.295	228.8	6.067	2.0	---	---		.165	127.9	5.641	335.9	---	---
	.329	255.1	6.389	2.3	---	---		.200	154.4	5.339	330.3	.871	282.0
								.296	228.8	5.392	337.5	---	---
.728	.060	50.4	7.392	340.9	---	---	.728	.327	252.6	5.662	350.6	1.097	278.9
	.092	77.2	7.005	339.5	---	---		.037	30.7	7.311	350.6	.888	350.5
	.123	102.5	6.535	335.5	---	---		.063	52.8	7.347	343.1	.944	330.8
	.154	129.1	6.028	331.0	---	---		.095	80.4	6.759	337.6	---	---
	.245	204.9	5.696	347.0	---	---		.127	106.7	6.467	338.7	.972	304.7
	.276	230.4	6.297	348.9	---	---		.156	131.3	6.247	326.4	---	---
	.305	254.9	6.196	352.4	---	---		.245	206.2	5.506	349.3	.979	292.6
								.277	233.0	6.156	347.3	---	---
.786	.058	52.3	7.999	339.5	.837	323.9	.761	.303	255.4	5.911	352.0	1.233	277.5
	.086	78.7	7.381	336.1	---	---		.036	31.8	8.523	345.2	---	---
	.114	103.9	6.851	326.9	.805	300.5		.059	51.8	7.863	341.9	---	---
	.143	130.2	6.132	320.9	---	---		.091	80.0	6.883	341.2	---	---
	.199	181.4	5.354	348.3	---	---		.117	102.9	6.377	331.2	---	---
	.225	204.9	5.323	344.5	.829	284.5		.146	128.9	6.005	320.8	---	---
	.252	229.9	5.800	347.7	---	---		.206	182.0	4.217	351.8	---	---
	.279	254.4	6.848	345.7	1.347	271.4		.234	206.0	5.224	350.2	---	---
.833	.050	47.7	7.488	335.9	.454	309.4	.786	.261	229.8	5.879	346.7	---	---
	.080	76.1	6.865	332.5	---	---		.290	255.5	6.018	354.4	---	---
	.105	100.7	6.343	325.5	.487	263.8		.034	31.1	9.588	347.1	1.086	337.5
	.214	204.9	4.705	356.2	.651	291.9		.057	52.5	8.362	337.1	1.092	320.2
	.238	227.6	5.424	353.5	---	---		.084	76.7	7.931	333.0	---	---
	.263	251.3	6.365	345.7	1.276	272.6		.114	104.1	7.520	326.8	1.093	286.4
								.144	131.6	6.300	318.2	---	---
								.199	181.8	4.694	349.1	---	---
.879	.026	26.7	9.006	336.4	.223	198.6	.833	.225	205.8	5.278	340.5	.973	275.8
	.048	49.2	6.862	349.4	.203	281.9		.254	232.1	5.627	343.6	---	---
	.074	75.7	7.193	327.6	---	---		.283	258.2	6.893	343.5	1.526	261.3
	.149	152.9	4.299	347.6	.093	155.9		.030	29.4	8.034	347.4	.487	341.9
	.174	178.8	4.315	353.4	---	---		.059	53.5	8.015	338.4	.532	302.9
	.200	205.6	5.360	358.8	.517	245.9		.081	79.4	7.464	330.0	---	---
	.223	229.0	5.990	348.1	---	---		.107	104.4	6.595	325.5	.479	254.9
	.248	255.1	6.383	337.5	1.157	189.3		.160	155.6	4.320	344.1	.206	284.9
.917	.029	31.5	3.742	349.8	1.232	327.8	.879	.186	181.1	5.163	348.2	---	---
	.048	51.3	3.360	344.3	1.529	319.3		.213	208.3	5.302	355.2	.678	286.3
	.074	79.0	2.973	341.9	---	---		.236	230.7	6.237	354.0	---	---
	.118	127.7	3.437	346.7	---	---		.262	256.1	5.502	340.8	1.013	254.1
	.145	156.3	3.654	348.4	1.161	300.6		.031	31.7	7.030	347.9	.380	311.2
	.167	180.3	3.634	344.9	---	---		.053	55.2	7.460	331.6	.294	284.4
	.188	202.4	3.515	346.1	.922	271.6		.075	77.7	6.721	333.8	---	---
	.214	230.5	4.228	349.5	---	---		.099	103.2	5.835	330.1	.323	198.4
	.236	254.3	3.997	341.9	1.440	252.4		.150	155.9	4.641	336.5	.197	319.9
								.174	180.7	4.870	351.0	---	---
								.199	206.5	6.217	348.6	1.062	251.7
								.225	233.5	6.666	344.1	---	---
								.251	261.1	7.154	337.3	1.175	212.0

TABLE III.- MEASURED FLUTTER DERIVATIVES FOR THE NACA 65A004 AIRFOIL

$\alpha_m = 0^\circ$							$\alpha_m = 2^\circ$						
M	k	ω	$\frac{dC_l}{d\alpha}$	ϕ	$\frac{dC_m}{d\alpha}$	θ	M	k	ω	$\frac{dC_l}{d\alpha}$	ϕ	$\frac{dC_m}{d\alpha}$	θ
0.594	0.040	27.1	6.212	355.3	0.466	334.7	0.491	0.046	25.5	6.069	357.7	---	---
	.080	53.4	5.849	350.1	.447	320.4		.095	52.5	5.699	2.6	---	---
	.109	73.1	5.411	357.0	---	---		.134	74.0	5.441	5.4	---	---
	.149	99.9	5.186	358.3	.517	308.1		.186	102.5	5.176	8.2	---	---
	.188	125.7	5.195	8.2	---	---		.225	126.9	4.848	8.1	---	---
	.224	153.3	4.883	353.5	.771	284.8		.267	150.3	4.367	12.4	---	---
	.261	178.0	5.242	353.0	---	---		.309	174.0	4.702	2.0	---	---
	.342	233.5	6.989	353.8	---	---		.448	252.3	9.199	341.4	---	---
	.382	260.9	8.995	330.7	1.396	219.8							
							.590	.040	26.9	5.862	355.7	0.656	343.0
								.080	53.0	6.011	357.3	.642	334.3
.691	.035	26.9	6.846	356.1	---	---		.112	74.3	5.873	359.8	---	---
	.064	50.0	6.669	350.8	---	---		.154	102.4	5.362	1.2	.859	331.2
	.097	75.5	6.039	349.9	---	---		.193	131.4	5.091	351.8	---	---
	.131	101.9	5.887	351.2	---	---		.226	154.0	4.982	351.6	.790	287.4
	.162	126.1	5.459	355.9	---	---		.258	176.5	5.501	347.7	---	---
	.194	153.9	5.251	340.4	---	---		.338	231.0	6.340	4.1	---	---
	.258	204.9	4.981	3.0	---	---		.370	252.3	7.528	2.7	1.282	256.7
	.294	233.5	7.405	346.9	---	---							
	.327	259.6	7.473	324.3	---	---	.691	.033	25.6	7.400	355.6	.808	341.0
								.069	53.2	6.966	351.9	.839	330.2
.741	.032	26.6	7.366	354.9	.561	338.2		.097	74.6	6.718	356.6	---	---
	.062	54.1	6.996	349.7	.578	327.8		.133	102.4	6.316	5.6	.856	332.8
	.089	77.3	6.528	347.5	---	---		.164	126.9	6.397	356.4	---	---
	.117	101.9	6.235	345.9	.629	301.1		.192	153.0	6.526	339.5	.984	298.9
	.145	126.5	5.861	339.7	---	---		.285	227.1	8.342	350.1	---	---
	.169	145.3	5.078	329.0	.607	252.3		.321	255.8	9.530	330.7	1.564	243.7
	.239	205.3	5.599	357.6	.772	272.3							
	.269	231.3	7.073	346.5	1.136	285.1	.741	.030	25.2	8.117	353.9	.975	345.8
	.303	260.7	7.035	337.8	---	---		.059	49.3	7.560	351.7	.970	333.5
.798	.030	27.4	7.739	354.6	.609	340.3		.087	72.5	7.252	353.2	---	---
	.056	50.2	7.522	345.7	.658	320.5		.120	100.0	6.935	358.4	1.004	325.6
	.083	75.1	7.157	343.9	---	---		.147	122.7	6.574	359.1	---	---
	.115	103.7	6.606	343.5	.705	292.7		.175	151.6	6.128	332.8	1.034	276.5
	.141	127.6	5.950	335.7	---	---		.235	202.7	5.990	354.9	.840	287.3
	.197	183.7	5.301	343.5	---	---		.260	224.7	8.895	339.4	---	---
	.218	203.0	5.477	343.2	.864	274.3		.297	256.8	8.784	333.0	1.536	244.6
	.250	233.0	7.536	343.4	1.217	279.4	.798	.029	26.0	9.165	352.9	1.140	344.5
	.278	259.1	7.924	323.1	---	---		.059	53.5	9.042	347.4	1.213	327.2
.850	.026	25.5	9.637	353.9	---	---		.083	74.5	8.584	351.7	---	---
	.053	50.9	8.200	344.4	.664	313.6		.114	102.5	7.322	349.1	1.209	318.2
	.078	74.8	7.611	340.3	---	---		.135	122.0	6.416	346.1	---	---
	.106	102.2	7.025	337.4	.736	287.1		.191	178.8	6.260	349.0	---	---
	.153	153.4	4.590	347.2	.588	276.5		.218	204.0	7.074	343.7	1.097	280.1
	.179	178.7	4.602	356.0	---	---		.244	228.5	9.002	339.2	---	---
	.208	208.0	5.178	351.7	.928	274.2		.275	258.2	10.446	335.9	2.054	257.2
	.231	231.4	6.964	298.2	1.611	251.9	.852	.029	25.6	10.793	348.5	.966	334.7
	.259	258.5	8.436	325.4	---	---		.060	52.3	9.672	346.1	1.364	321.2
.900	.025	25.4	7.315	347.3	.717	331.8		.086	75.3	9.016	339.5	---	---
	.050	51.1	8.913	344.6	.738	310.8		.117	103.0	8.075	343.2	1.227	301.6
	.073	74.1	8.483	337.4	---	---		.139	121.8	6.564	326.2	---	---
	.126	128.2	5.365	329.0	---	---		.176	177.5	5.269	345.7	---	---
	.147	155.4	4.721	341.9	.452	270.6		.204	205.1	5.928	353.7	1.430	282.7
	.170	180.6	4.819	332.4	---	---		.228	230.2	8.365	336.3	---	---
	.195	206.6	8.097	0.6	1.208	281.8		.253	254.7	9.206	338.2	2.450	279.5
	.220	232.7	8.076	337.7	1.947	305.2	.870	.026	26.3	11.945	344.7	---	---
	.244	258.2	7.635	323.5	---	---		.049	49.7	11.356	339.1	---	---
.942	.025	26.1	5.877	344.2	.438	328.4		.074	74.7	9.377	327.6	.405	246.6
	.050	53.2	9.448	335.5	.824	290.3		.101	101.7	7.206	322.6	.510	229.7
	.096	102.2	6.885	316.1	.619	298.1		.142	151.4	4.826	342.6	.311	341.8
	.120	127.4	4.964	334.7	---	---		.164	174.9	5.713	356.1	---	---
								.190	202.7	6.913	350.5	.908	288.9
								.212	226.4	7.880	340.0	---	---
								.238	254.7	9.150	331.8	1.546	215.5
							.904	.026	27.1	12.237	347.7	1.008	180.1
								.050	52.7	10.817	326.0	1.162	147.2
								.068	72.1	9.216	325.6	---	---
								.117	123.5	5.181	336.7	---	---

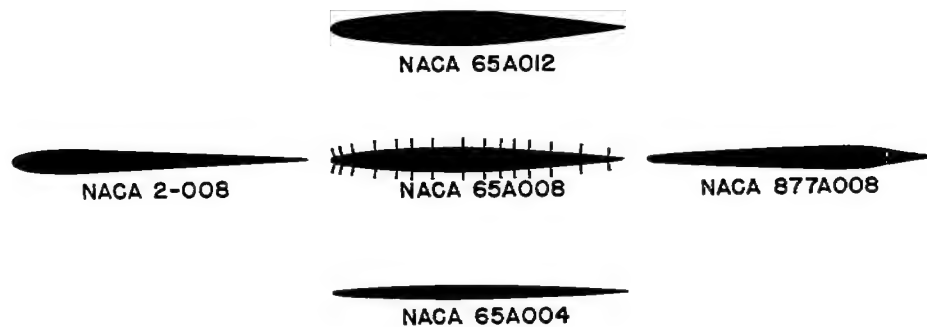
TABLE IV.- MEASURED FLUTTER DERIVATIVES FOR THE NACA 2-008 AIRFOIL

$\alpha_m = 0^\circ$							$\alpha_m = 2^\circ$							
M	k	ω	$\left \frac{dc_l}{d\alpha}\right $	φ	$\left \frac{dc_m}{d\alpha}\right $	θ	M	k	ω	$\left \frac{dc_l}{d\alpha}\right $	φ	$\left \frac{dc_m}{d\alpha}\right $	θ	
0.590	0.040	26.3	6.460	354.6	0.552	347.9	0.491	0.052	28.6	6.240	358.2	- - -	- - -	
	.081	53.9	6.082	353.5	.591	327.2		.093	51.5	5.919	355.0	- - -	- - -	
	.113	75.3	5.624	351.4	- - -	- - -		.137	75.9	5.838	351.4	- - -	- - -	
	.155	103.0	5.436	352.3	.620	309.3		.181	100.2	5.329	355.5	- - -	- - -	
	.193	128.7	5.425	351.2	- - -	- - -		.228	126.2	5.324	356.2	- - -	- - -	
	.229	152.5	5.287	351.2	.705	288.4		.278	154.0	5.543	1.2	- - -	- - -	
	.350	232.7	5.001	7.0	- - -	- - -		.327	181.1	5.396	3.1	- - -	- - -	
	.390	259.6	6.210	1.2	.805	263.9		.465	257.5	5.638	22.5	- - -	- - -	
.680	.036	27.9	7.006	351.6	.538	329.3	.590	.040	26.8	6.691	354.2	0.574	335.9	
	.069	53.0	6.433	347.9	.615	329.1		.080	53.9	6.204	346.8	.639	326.9	
	.098	75.5	6.118	349.0	- - -	- - -		.113	75.6	6.093	348.4	- - -	- - -	
	.134	103.9	5.600	347.1	.613	306.9		.146	98.2	5.706	352.9	.604	297.7	
	.164	127.2	5.437	346.0	- - -	- - -		.193	129.6	5.650	349.6	- - -	- - -	
	.197	152.4	5.227	343.6	.692	284.1		.231	155.1	5.665	348.5	.737	291.4	
	.266	206.0	4.627	358.3	.587	275.7		.346	231.9	5.379	4.8	- - -	- - -	
	.299	231.0	5.723	356.1	- - -	- - -		.384	257.5	6.678	1.4	1.042	274.3	
	.329	254.7	5.931	350.6	.995	242.3		.680	.033	25.9	7.347	355.2	.661	335.6
	.728	.031	25.6	8.587	350.5	.788			349.0	.069	53.9	6.880	350.0	.676
.063		52.8	6.584	347.4	.720	325.8	.098		76.2	6.363	347.1	- - -	- - -	
.093		77.6	6.363	341.7	- - -	- - -	.134		104.1	6.006	349.9	.645	305.5	
.123		102.6	5.600	344.0	.738	303.9	.167		130.4	6.026	347.1	- - -	- - -	
.151		126.5	5.194	344.7	- - -	- - -	.200		155.8	5.475	345.0	.669	277.2	
.249		208.7	4.738	356.3	.375	248.6	.299		232.7	5.728	358.5	- - -	- - -	
.279		234.4	5.550	355.4	- - -	- - -	.331		258.2	6.592	355.5	1.050	274.7	
.308		258.2	5.839	353.2	.940	253.1	.728		.031	26.0	7.829	358.2	- - -	- - -
.786		.029	26.1	8.206	348.5	.665			338.4	.062	52.5	7.517	354.5	.642
		.056	51.1	7.444	341.7	.578		315.3	.090	75.7	6.957	353.5	- - -	- - -
	.083	75.5	7.015	336.2	- - -	- - -		.122	103.0	6.932	349.3	.441	301.3	
	.111	101.7	6.296	335.1	.659	285.2		.152	127.9	6.624	344.6	- - -	- - -	
	.140	127.5	5.053	335.1	- - -	- - -		.245	206.7	6.264	2.6	.599	286.4	
	.196	178.5	3.884	351.8	- - -	- - -		.279	235.6	7.365	358.2	- - -	- - -	
	.227	206.6	4.799	342.8	.732	256.9		.306	258.2	7.482	358.9	.875	269.5	
	.253	231.0	5.160	348.3	- - -	- - -		.786	.029	26.2	8.917	348.2	.086	320.2
	.280	255.4	6.440	349.1	1.134	246.1			.056	51.8	8.673	344.7	.098	296.0
	.833	.028	26.8	9.150	344.7	.399	210.5		.083	76.4	8.193	342.4	- - -	- - -
.054		52.2	8.806	337.6	.245	218.9	.113		104.2	7.768	341.1	.260	253.5	
.080		77.6	7.986	332.1	- - -	- - -	.140		129.1	6.988	330.8	- - -	- - -	
.108		104.9	6.952	327.3	.357	233.0	.227		208.5	5.927	343.6	.405	263.1	
.164		159.9	4.893	338.8	.268	222.6	.256		235.6	6.469	344.7	- - -	- - -	
.184		179.5	5.420	337.5	- - -	- - -	.281		258.2	8.547	347.3	.845	258.1	
.212		206.5	5.576	346.4	.538	227.9	.833		.028	27.1	9.455	353.9	.317	203.3
.239		232.7	6.807	348.3	- - -	- - -			.053	52.4	9.008	345.4	.316	200.2
.263		256.1	7.713	337.3	.525	214.1		.078	76.9	8.618	338.8	- - -	- - -	
.879		.027	27.6	9.720	348.8	1.250		156.3	.107	104.7	7.950	327.7	.339	172.2
	.051	53.1	8.316	332.1	1.353	138.2		.185	181.8	5.425	342.0	.346	261.4	
	.076	78.2	7.062	325.5	- - -	- - -		.212	207.6	5.662	349.8	.467	281.4	
	.100	103.0	5.235	324.2	.986	139.5		.239	234.2	7.075	349.6	- - -	- - -	
	.150	155.3	3.831	340.4	.454	135.3		.262	257.2	8.568	341.2	1.057	293.6	
	.172	177.5	4.760	342.5	- - -	- - -		.879	.027	28.7	10.660	343.1	- - -	- - -
	.200	206.0	6.218	341.4	.642	165.4			.052	53.8	8.749	332.4	1.437	142.5
	.226	233.3	6.432	335.2	- - -	- - -	.075		78.5	6.975	326.0	- - -	- - -	
	.252	259.6	7.107	330.6	1.007	157.7	.100		104.3	5.550	326.9	.527	144.1	
							.148		154.2	4.421	335.5	.485	96.8	
						.174	181.6		4.481	357.0	- - -	- - -		
						.201	209.4		6.225	348.7	.743	179.0		
						.225	234.4		6.098	342.3	- - -	- - -		
						.248	258.6		6.522	331.1	1.062	166.5		

TABLE V.- MEASURED FLUTTER DERIVATIVES FOR THE NACA 877A008 AIRFOIL

$\alpha = 0^\circ$							$\alpha = 20^\circ$						
M	k	u	$\frac{dC_L}{d\alpha}$	ϕ	$\frac{dC_M}{d\alpha}$	θ	M	k	u	$\frac{dC_L}{d\alpha}$	ϕ	$\frac{dC_M}{d\alpha}$	θ
0.495	0.050	27.9	6.087	352.7	---	---	0.496	0.048	27.1	6.416	353.0	---	---
	.092	51.5	5.638	349.5	---	---		.087	49.1	5.936	350.8	---	---
	.135	75.7	5.116	347.1	---	---		.128	72.1	5.497	351.9	---	---
	.183	103.0	5.159	348.2	---	---		.178	100.0	5.162	349.7	---	---
	.228	128.2	4.941	355.0	---	---		.223	125.4	4.489	347.8	---	---
	.266	149.6	4.956	350.9	---	---		.269	151.4	4.965	344.4	---	---
	.316	179.5	5.135	338.1	---	---		.321	179.5	5.243	351.8	---	---
	.450	255.4	4.486	4.8	---	---		.454	253.3	4.369	18.3	---	---
.596	.040	27.2	6.246	348.0	0.461	339.8	.796	.035	24.0	6.579	1.7	0.634	342.4
	.073	49.8	6.243	346.9	.438	324.1		.076	51.3	6.457	350.6	.621	333.5
	.109	74.3	5.462	346.5	---	---		.108	73.6	5.948	348.7	---	---
	.153	103.7	5.448	345.2	.609	310.6		.147	99.6	5.642	350.8	.765	320.9
	.187	126.9	5.370	345.5	---	---		.182	123.9	5.798	352.7	---	---
	.223	151.7	4.728	346.0	.560	301.9		.218	148.2	5.087	347.1	.625	213.6
	.336	231.0	4.267	355.1	---	---		.259	174.5	5.325	340.3	---	---
	.375	257.5	5.053	3.4	.963	293.8		.337	227.6	4.688	357.6	---	---
								.372	251.3	5.319	3.6	1.192	197.6
.693	.035	27.5	6.976	348.5	---	---	.693	.031	25.1	6.333	354.2	.536	0.0
	.066	52.2	6.842	343.4	---	---		.064	51.3	6.034	352.4	.551	334.7
	.096	76.7	6.423	343.0	---	---		.092	73.9	5.614	346.0	---	---
	.129	102.5	5.744	341.6	---	---		.127	101.4	5.562	345.7	.637	310.0
	.158	125.8	5.629	339.5	---	---		.153	122.7	5.202	342.1	---	---
	.192	152.7	5.062	336.3	---	---		.187	149.5	4.725	335.9	.699	287.8
	.254	204.4	3.861	0.0	---	---		.257	204.2	3.129	4.9	1.487	192.0
	.285	229.9	4.503	356.8	---	---		.289	229.3	4.016	0.1	---	---
	.321	258.9	4.054	356.1	---	---		.319	253.3	3.884	358.0	1.044	176.3
.745	.031	26.7	7.230	349.8	.705	336.0	.745	.030	26.3	7.318	351.3	.744	352.2
	.060	52.1	6.933	346.6	.664	332.7		.058	50.5	7.049	349.0	.819	337.1
	.086	74.1	6.693	341.4	---	---		.088	75.8	6.674	343.7	---	---
	.118	102.0	6.192	341.1	.743	310.8		.116	99.8	6.328	342.7	1.006	314.4
	.144	124.7	5.863	332.1	---	---		.146	126.0	5.942	337.3	---	---
	.236	206.0	4.294	354.9	.613	312.6		.237	204.0	4.675	355.4	.832	214.5
	.262	228.4	4.719	345.5	---	---		.273	235.6	5.120	337.9	---	---
	.291	253.3	4.248	343.6	.906	291.7		.296	255.1	4.560	345.7	.838	210.6
.796	.029	26.9	8.056	352.9	.881	345.6	.798	.028	26.1	8.299	354.4	.777	1.5
	.056	52.1	7.454	345.6	.599	317.2		.054	50.6	7.410	340.8	.791	322.0
	.081	75.5	7.497	337.9	---	---		.079	73.6	7.030	339.8	---	---
	.110	102.2	6.566	334.3	.765	303.4		.109	101.3	6.380	331.4	.804	294.2
	.137	127.3	6.077	330.1	---	---		.135	125.7	5.297	322.9	---	---
	.193	180.6	3.642	349.5	---	---		.190	176.5	4.123	335.8	---	---
	.221	207.3	4.442	348.0	.644	317.3		.221	205.3	4.573	345.3	.519	208.7
	.250	234.0	4.766	343.6	---	---		.252	233.9	4.611	325.7	---	---
	.280	262.5	5.340	347.5	1.177	289.5		.279	259.6	5.128	339.8	.830	228.3
.825	.029	28.2	7.914	348.2	1.168	331.0	.827	.027	25.9	8.460	346.8	---	---
	.054	52.1	7.268	348.7	1.113	325.6		.053	51.5	7.945	344.1	---	---
	.078	75.6	6.764	340.2	---	---		.079	76.1	7.528	334.0	---	---
	.106	102.7	6.302	331.3	.997	308.1		.107	103.4	6.133	330.2	---	---
	.130	125.8	5.291	330.6	---	---		.185	178.5	2.884	345.7	---	---
	.183	178.5	4.023	356.1	---	---		.210	203.3	3.100	2.7	---	---
	.213	207.3	4.605	5.5	1.389	329.1		.240	231.8	4.054	347.1	---	---
	.238	231.8	4.581	340.9	---	---		.255	246.4	4.952	348.9	---	---
	.264	257.5	5.601	341.4	1.490	289.5							
.897	.027	27.3	6.705	351.3	1.637	349.2	.860	.026	26.3	8.294	351.4	.997	355.2
	.051	51.1	6.214	345.8	1.757	338.9		.051	51.6	7.660	334.9	.761	320.6
	.074	75.1	6.048	336.9	---	---		.074	74.3	6.404	324.6	---	---
	.103	103.9	5.451	325.8	1.342	320.1		.098	99.2	5.707	315.4	.776	283.4
	.152	153.2	3.359	342.3	.722	327.6		.153	154.2	3.976	331.0	.643	298.6
	.179	181.6	2.715	338.3	---	---		.178	179.5	4.292	326.1	---	---
	.208	204.9	3.483	331.7	1.518	332.4		.204	205.8	4.064	335.9	.770	183.2
	.229	232.2	3.212	333.6	---	---		.228	230.4	4.321	323.0	---	---
	.253	256.5	3.292	334.3	2.161	307.4		.252	254.7	3.773	317.3	1.606	148.8
.883	.027	27.8	6.494	350.5	1.702	0.6	.892	.025	26.1	9.005	340.4	.446	0.0
	.051	53.1	6.162	338.1	1.899	328.1		.049	50.3	7.821	333.4	1.172	209.3
	.073	76.0	5.977	332.4	---	---		.073	75.3	6.752	317.0	---	---
	.100	104.5	4.493	325.7	1.447	322.8		.147	151.7	3.753	334.9	.520	327.7
	.146	152.1	3.493	336.2	1.247	335.1		.173	181.6	3.123	329.0	---	---
	.171	179.0	3.023	336.9	---	---		.202	212.2	3.685	332.2	.172	171.7
	.222	232.7	3.528	338.5	---	---		.224	235.3	3.168	323.5	---	---
	.248	259.6	4.504	338.7	1.951	309.5		.245	257.5	2.675	314.0	.755	322.4
.910	.116	125.7	3.369	343.7	---	---							
	.135	145.8	3.980	343.3	1.048	162.6							
	.166	179.5	4.358	342.5	---	---							
	.197	213.0	4.484	319.9	1.004	174.9							
	.213	230.6	4.034	312.8	---	---							
	.240	259.5	3.133	299.7	1.007	173.0							

NACA



MODEL PRESSURE-CELL LOCATIONS
[In Percent of Model Chord]

Cell number upper and lower surface	65A012 and 65A008	65A004 2-008, and 877A008
1	1.25	1.25
2	3.75	3.75
3	7.5	7.5
4	15	15
5	22.5	22.5
6	27.5	27.5
7	35	35
8	45	45
9	52.5	52.5
10	57.5	57.5
11	62.5	62.5
12	67.5	67.5
13	75	75
14	85	85
15	95	90

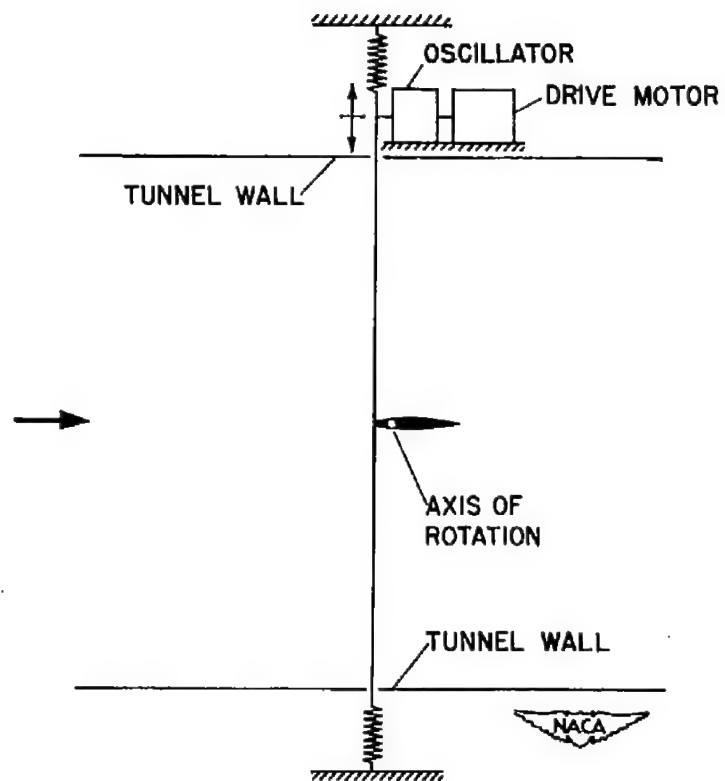


Figure 1.- Section profiles and pressure-cell locations of models.



A-14566

(a) Downstream view.



(b) Drive system.

Figure 2.- View of test section with model in place and diagrammatic sketch of drive system.

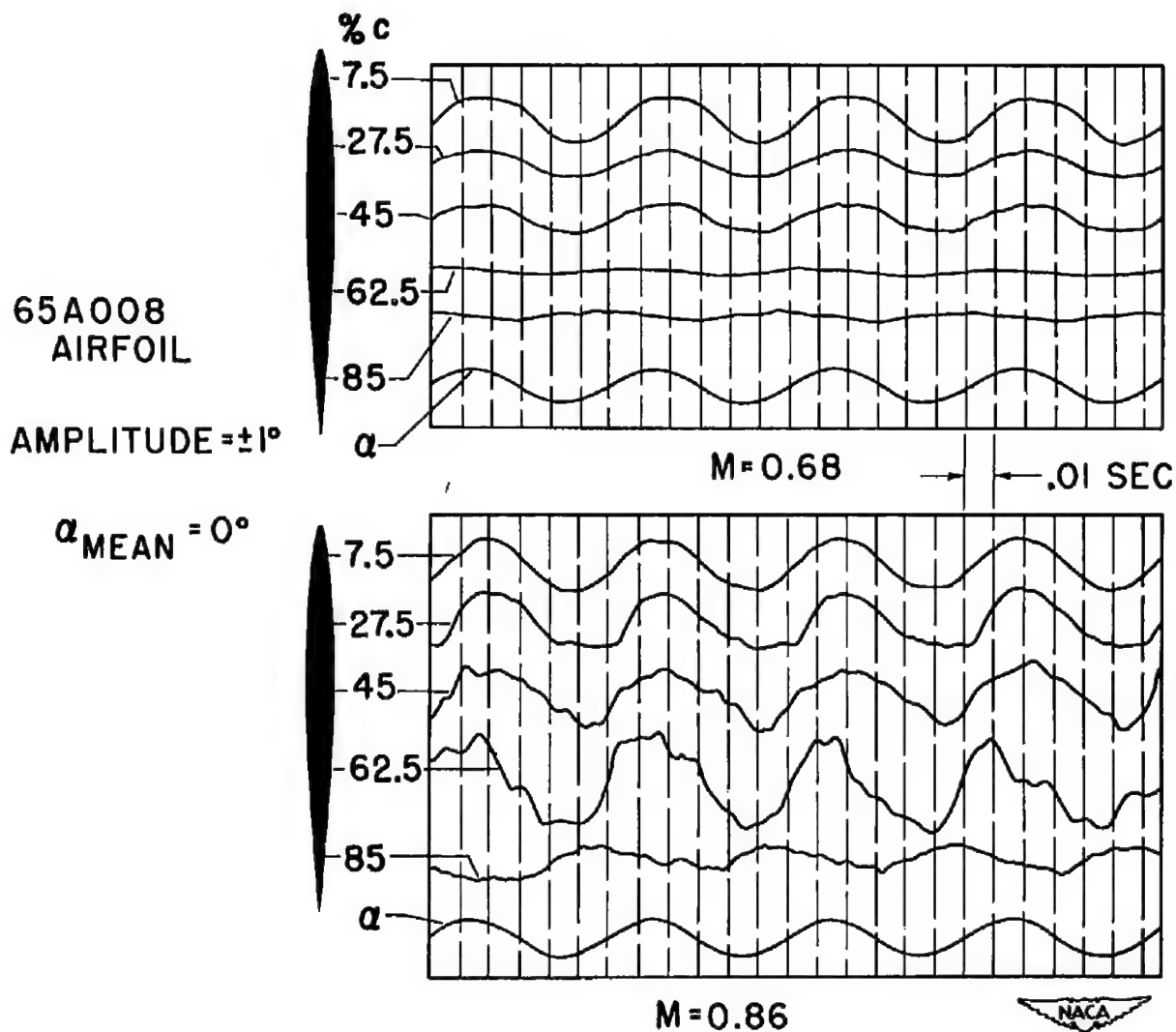


Figure 3.- Typical oscillograph traces.

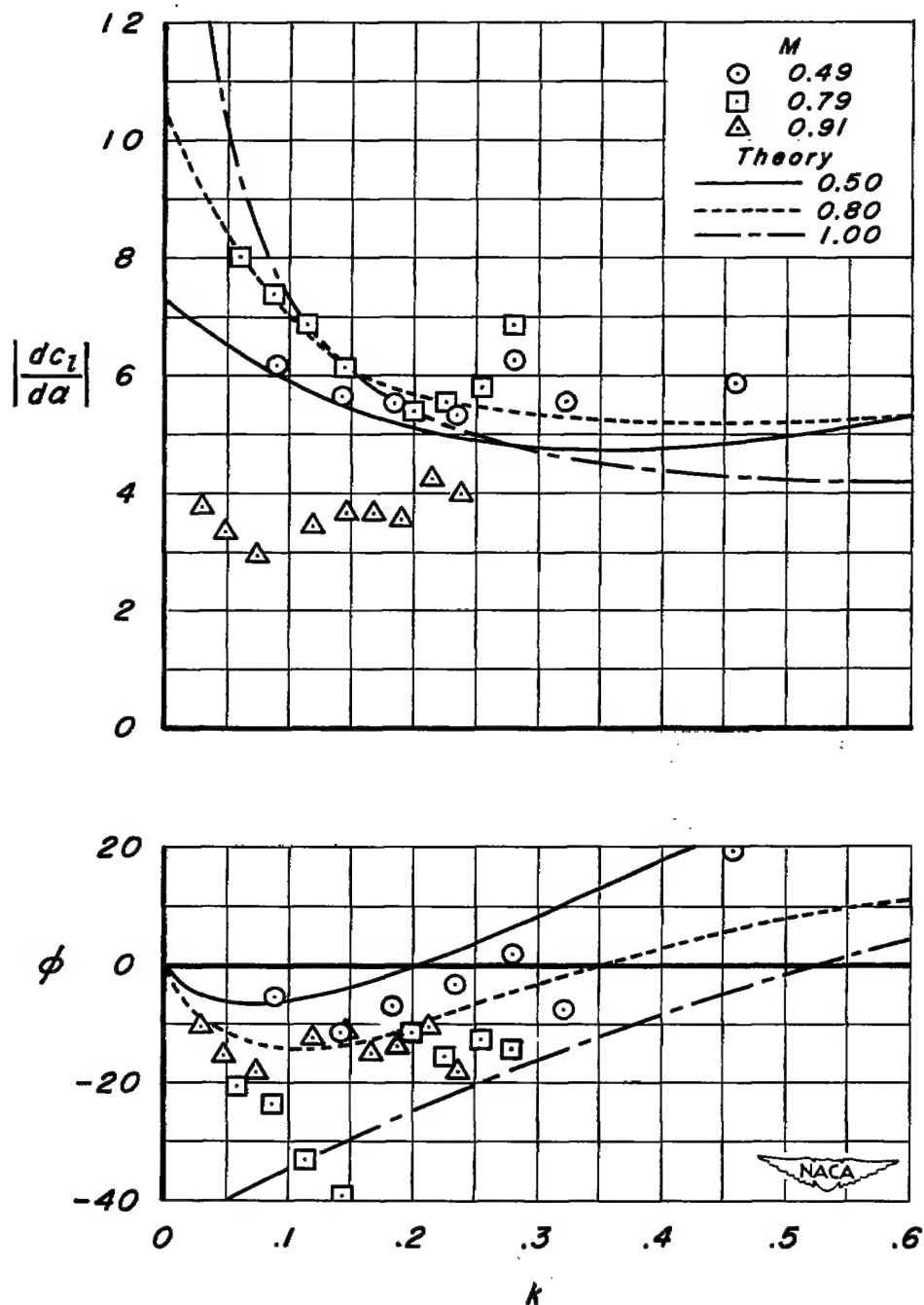


Figure 4.— Results as a function of reduced frequency, k , for several Mach numbers for the reference model, NACA 65A008; $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$.

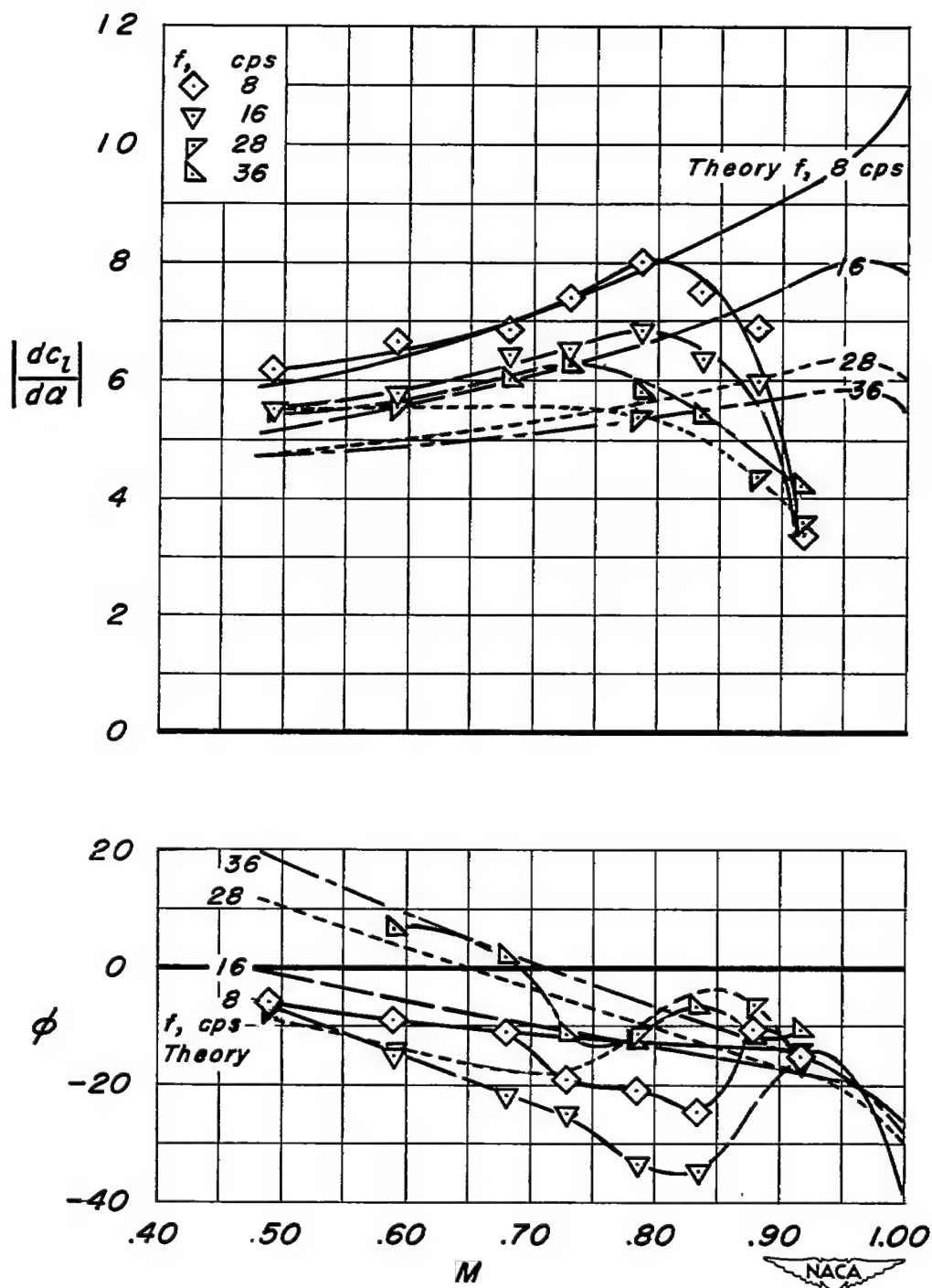


Figure 5.- Typical results for reference model, NACA 65A008; $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$.

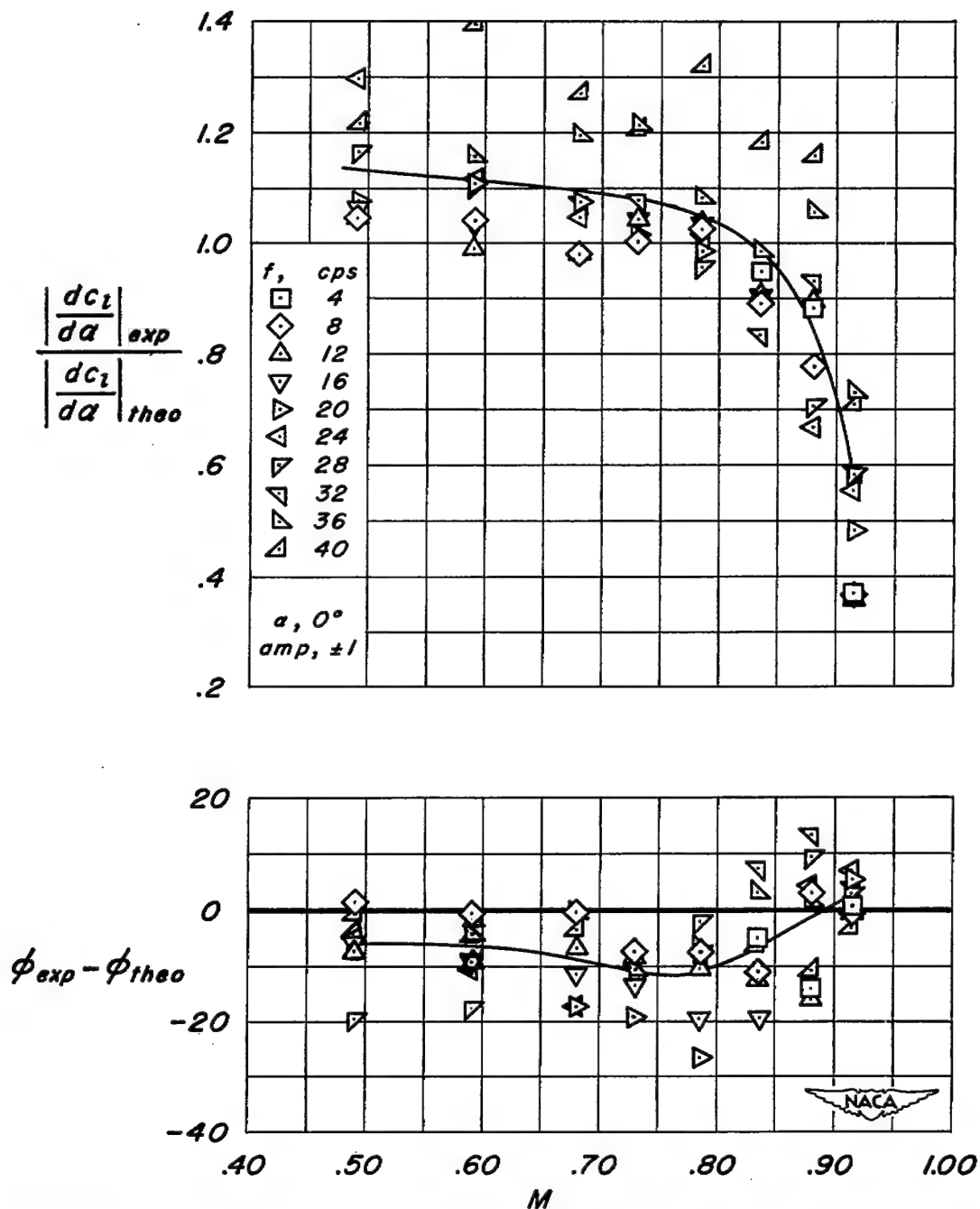


Figure 6.- Variation of experimental results from theory for reference model, NACA 65A008, with a faired line to show the mean variation with Mach number; $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$.

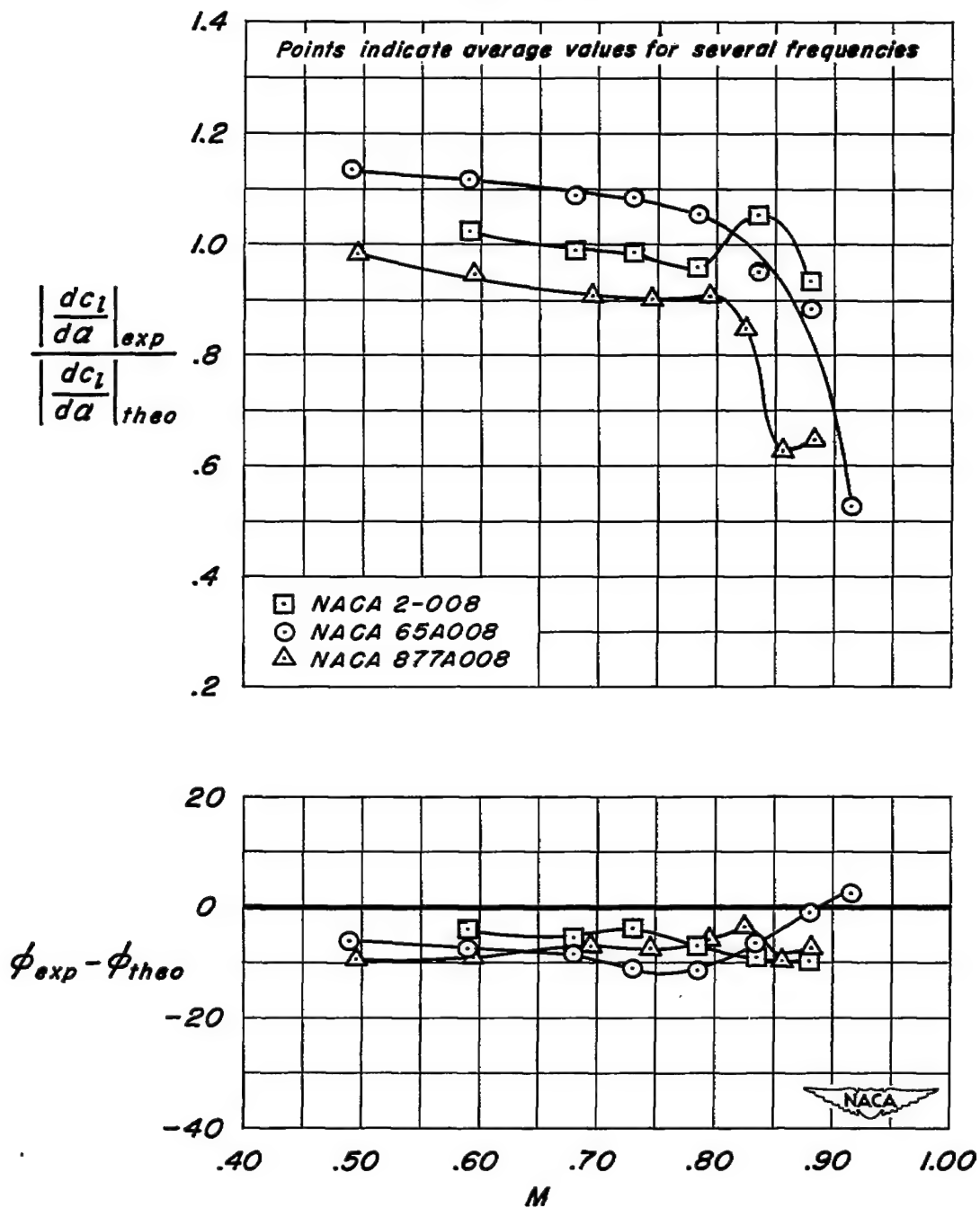
(a) $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$

Figure 7.- Effect of airfoil thickness distribution on lift derivatives.

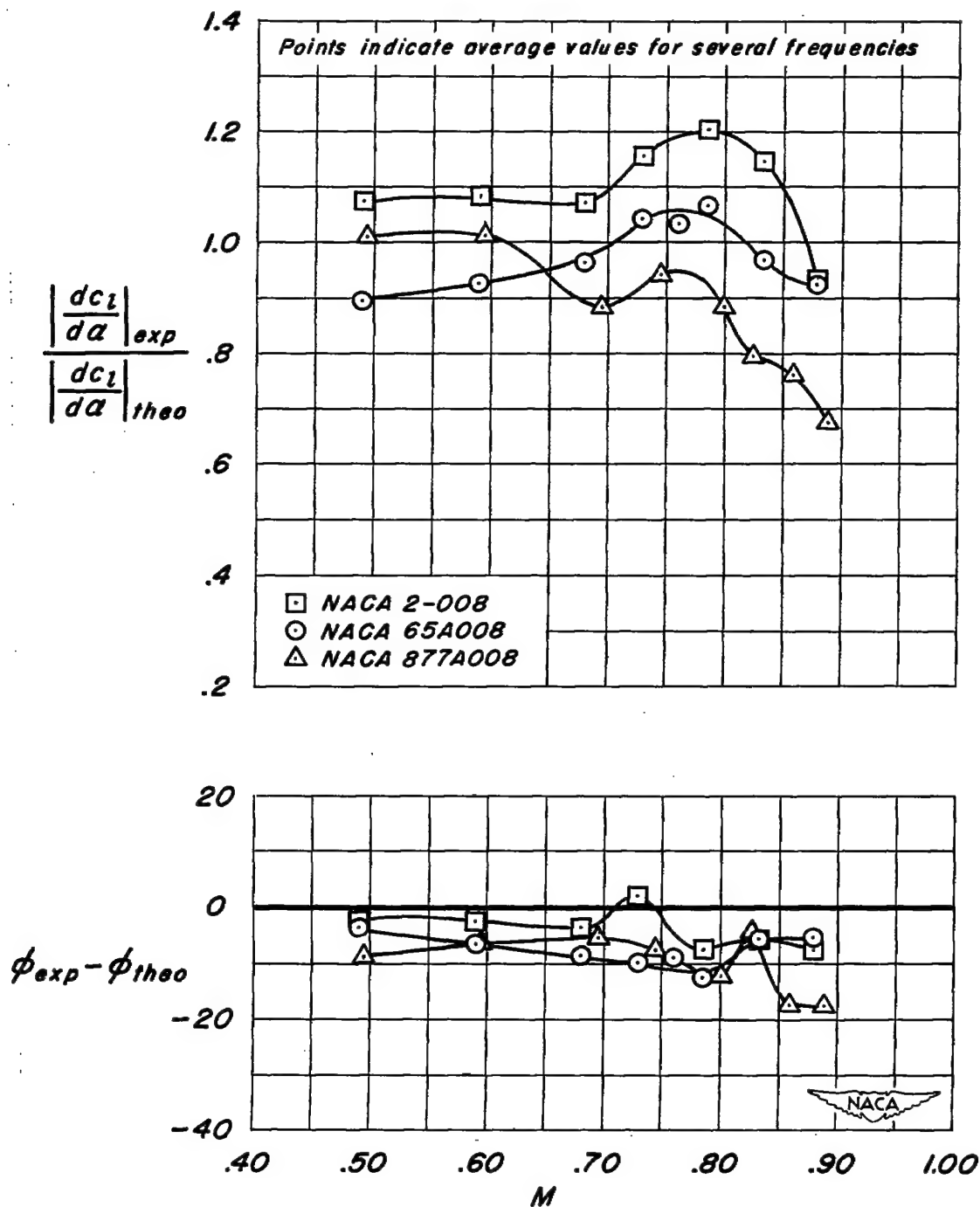
(b) $\alpha_m = 2^\circ$

Figure 7.- Concluded.

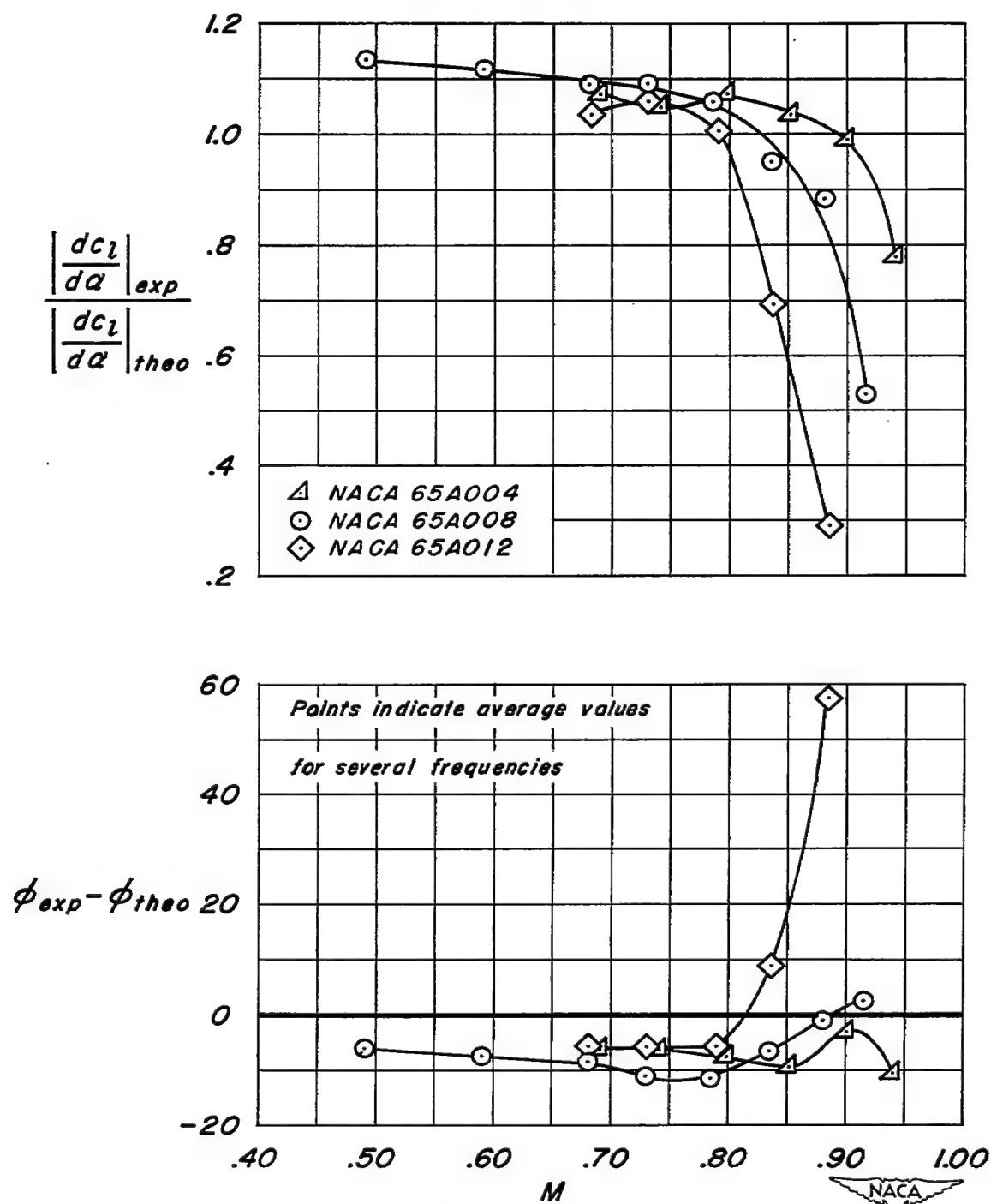
(a) $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$

Figure 8.- Effect of airfoil thickness on lift derivatives.

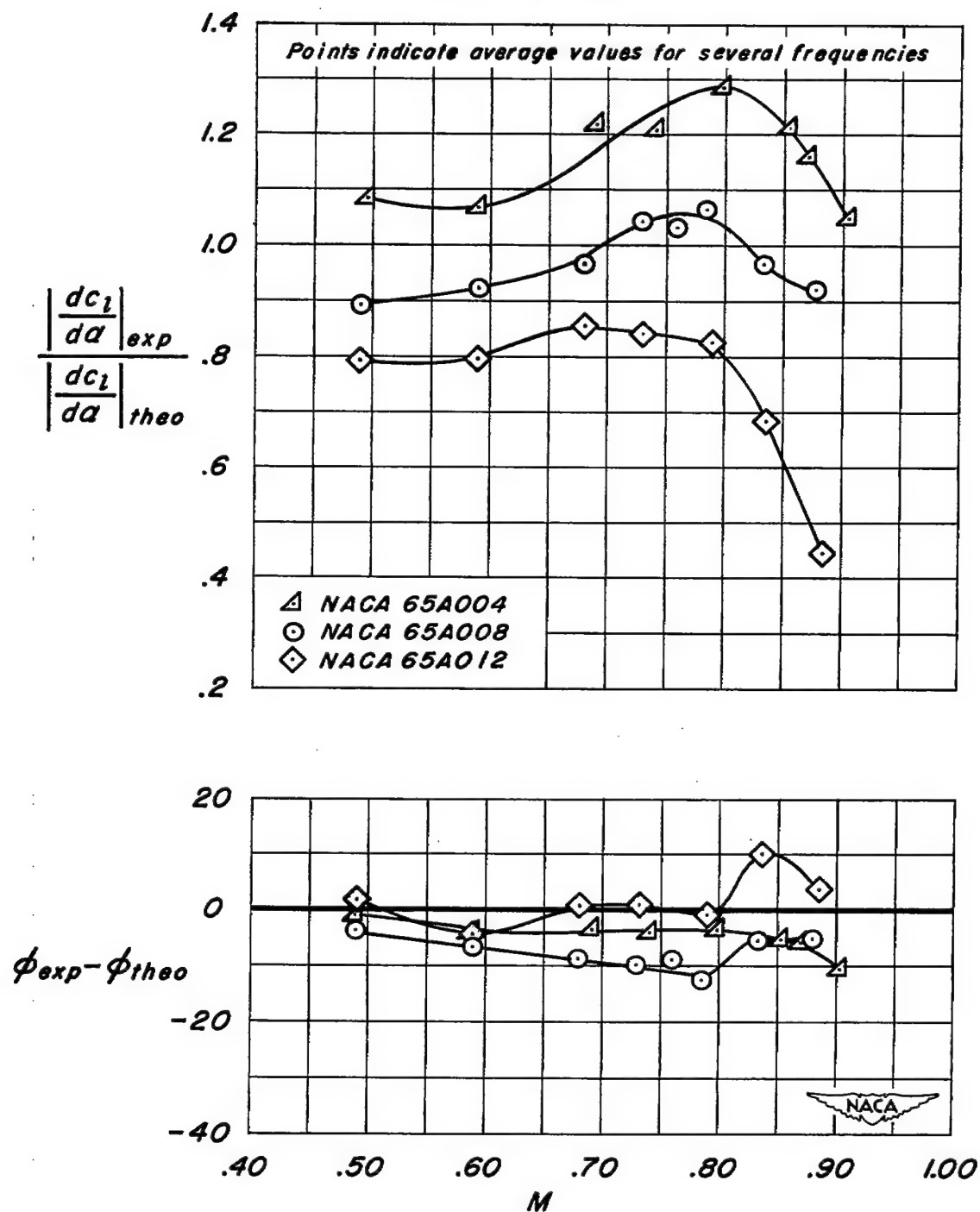
(b) $\alpha_m = 2^\circ$

Figure 8.- Concluded.

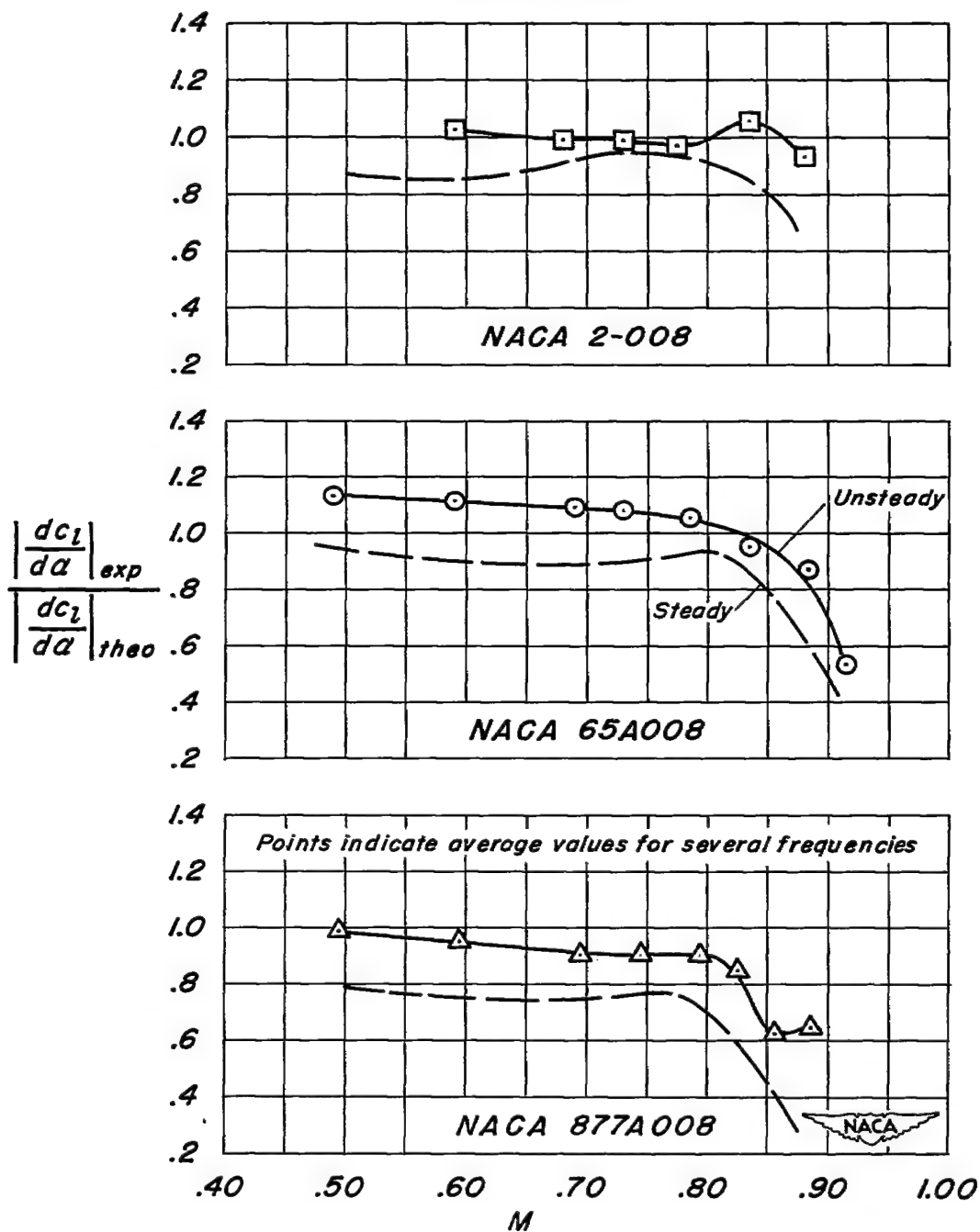
(a) $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$

Figure 9.- Comparison of steady and unsteady lift derivatives for airfoils with varying thickness distributions.

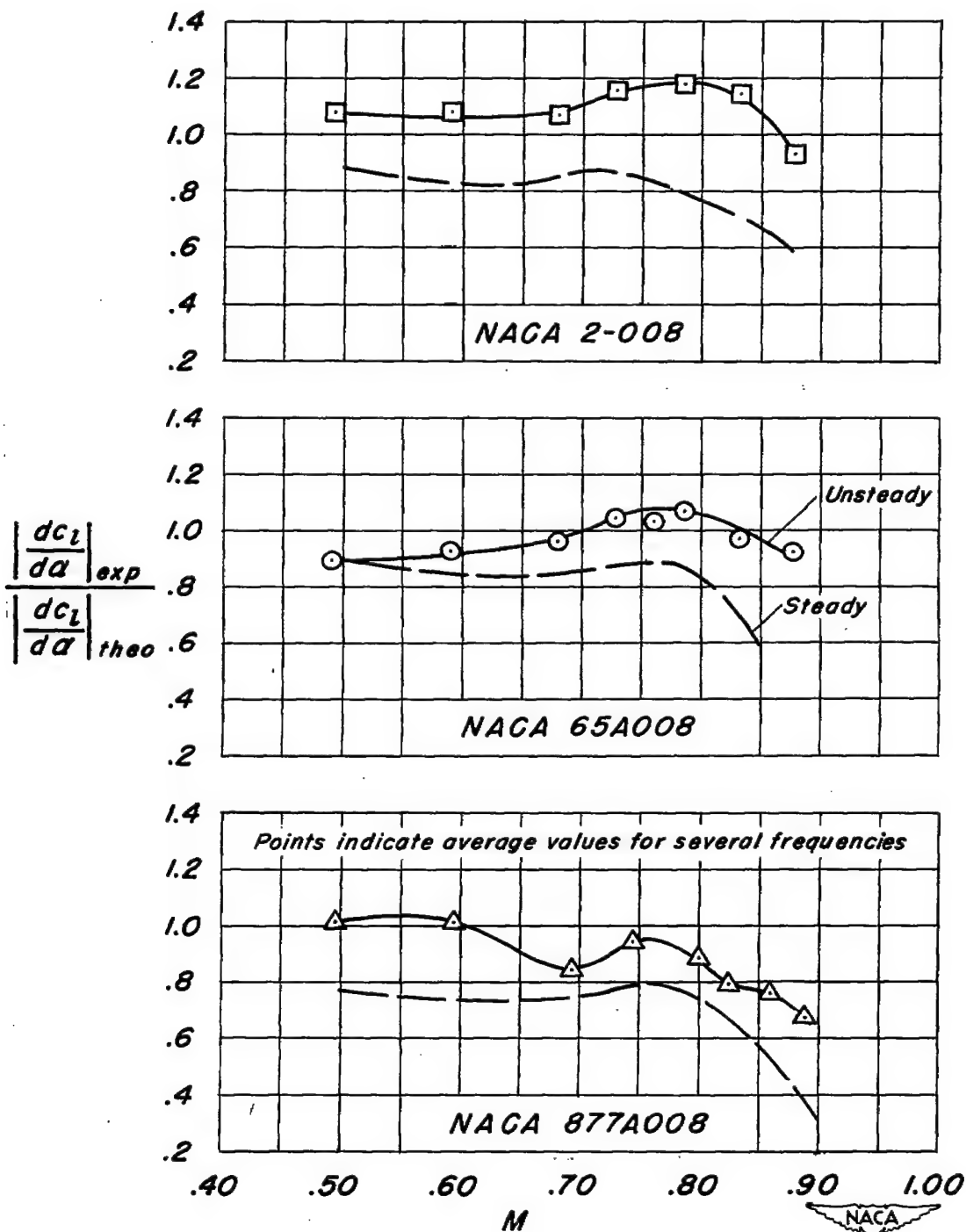
(b) $\alpha_m = 2^\circ$

Figure 9- Concluded.

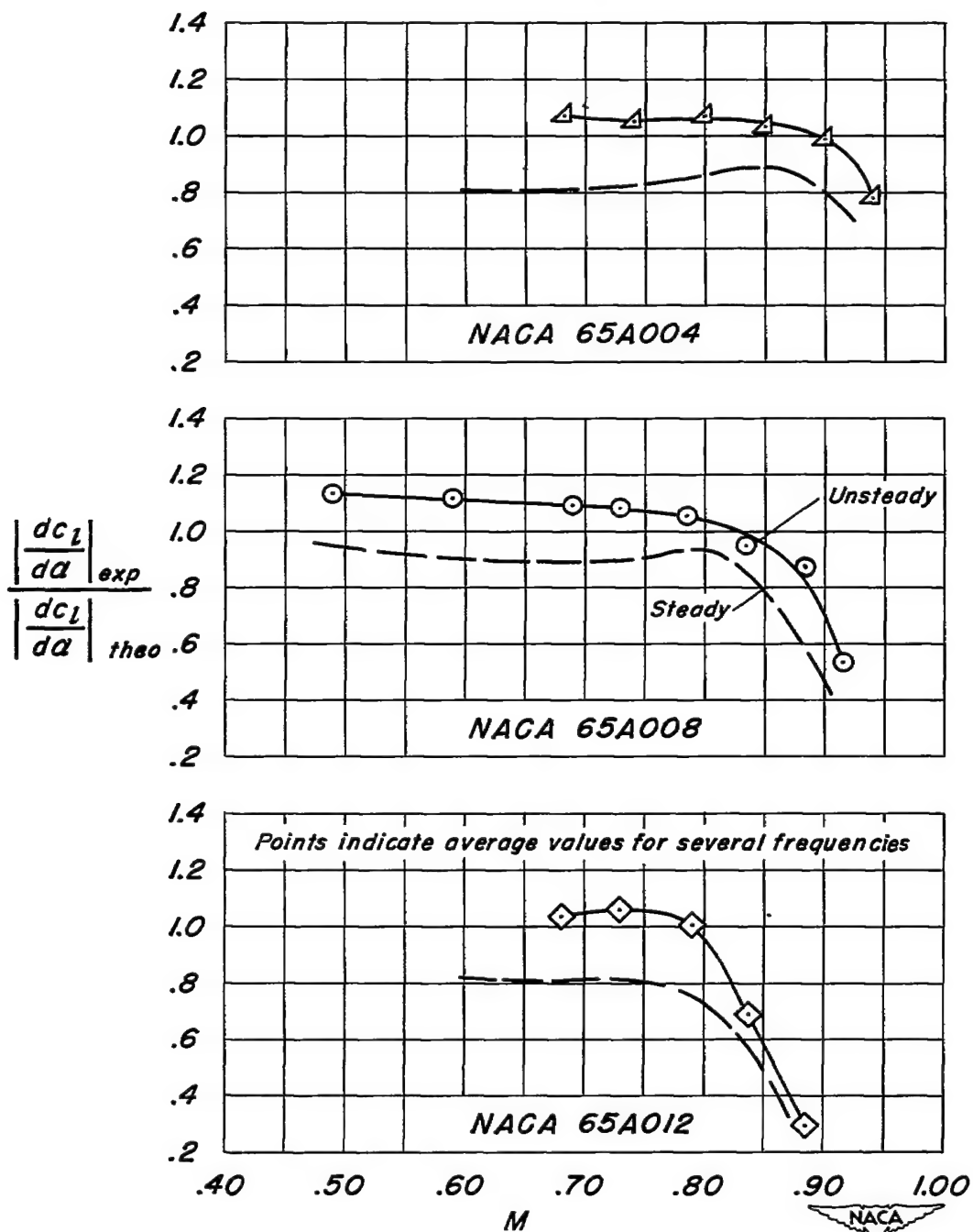
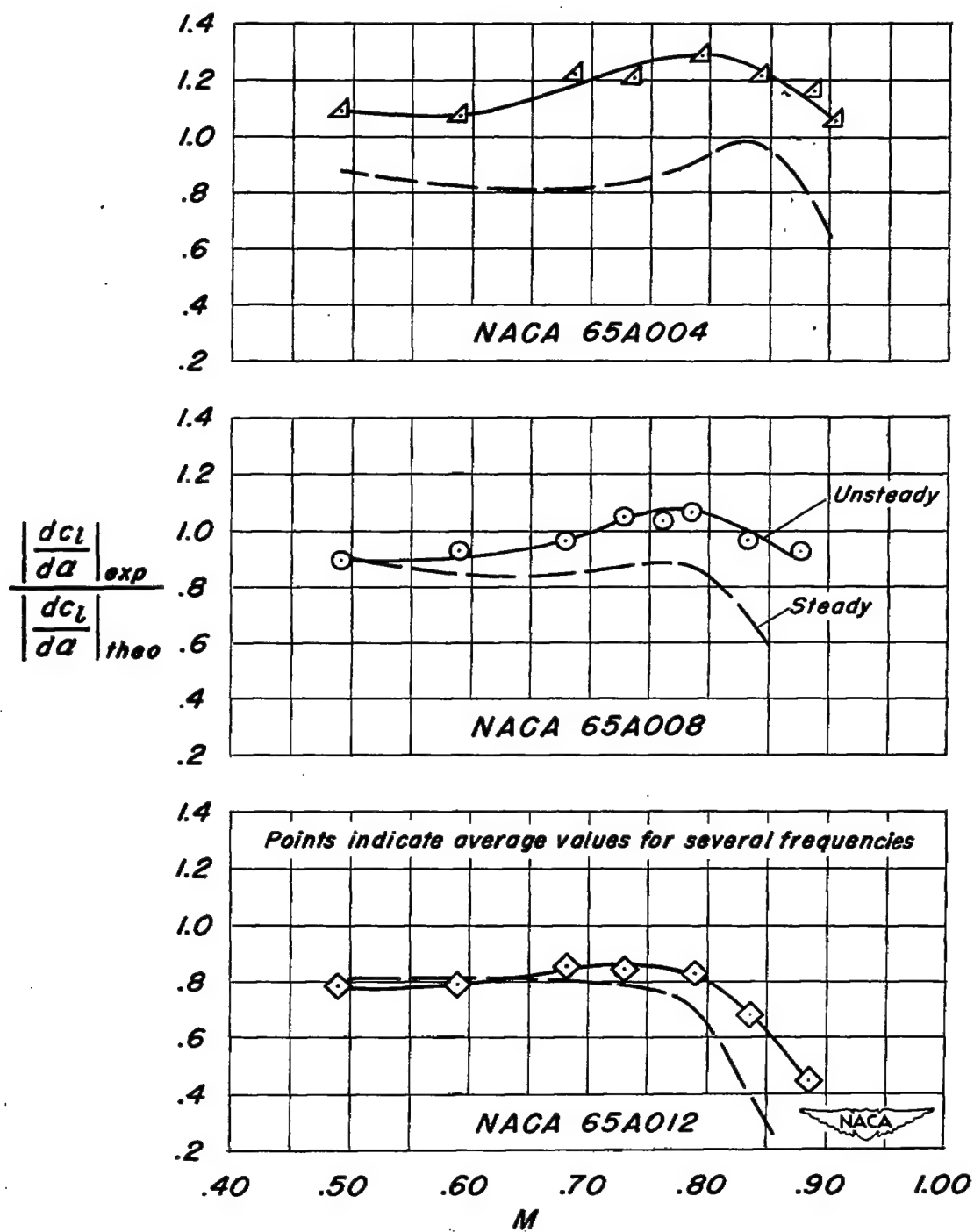
(a) $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$

Figure 10.- Comparison of steady and unsteady lift derivatives for airfoils with varying thickness.



(b) $\alpha_m = 2^\circ$

Figure 10.- Concluded.

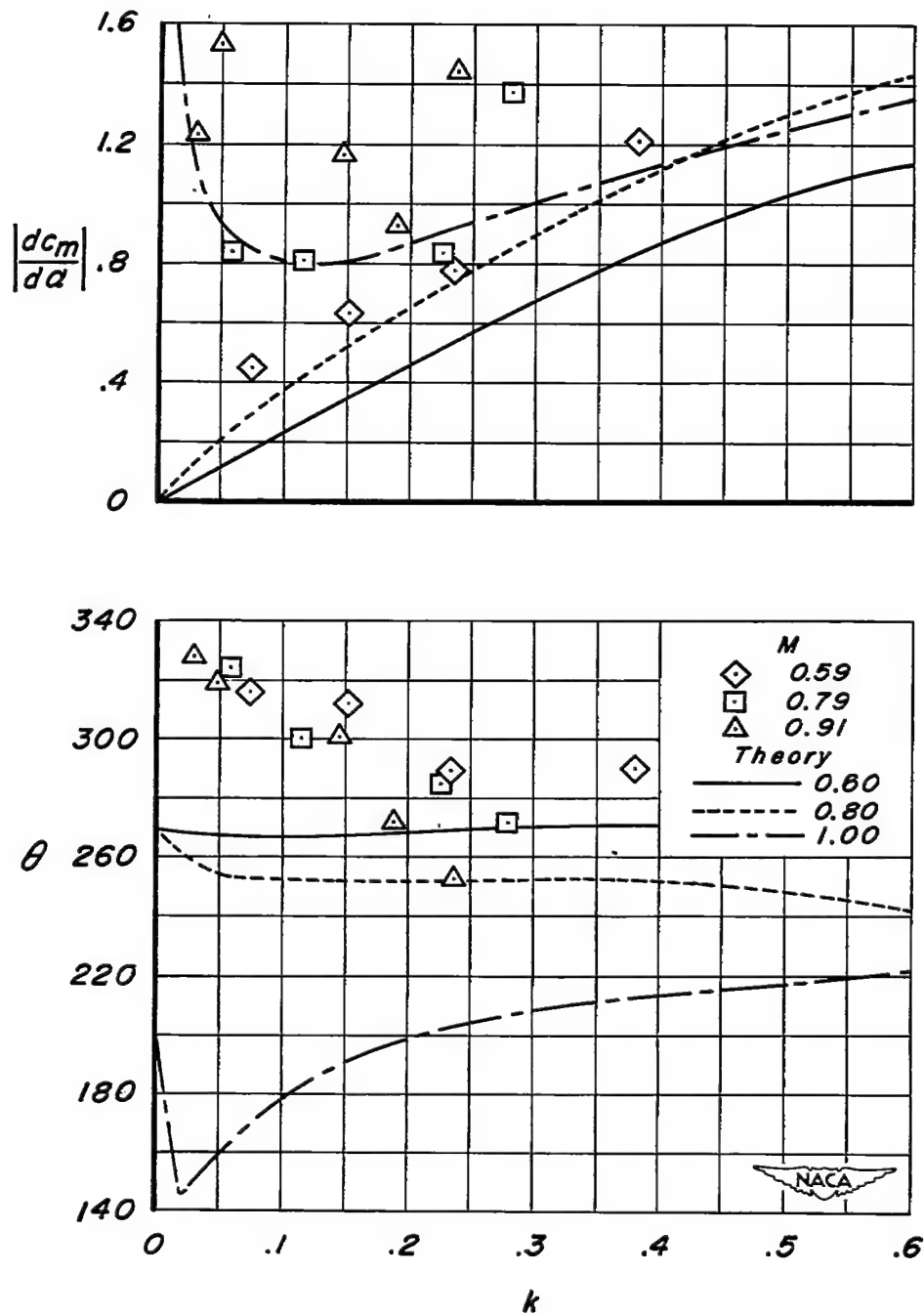


Figure 11.- Results as a function of reduced frequency, k , for several Mach numbers for the reference model, NACA 65A008; $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$.

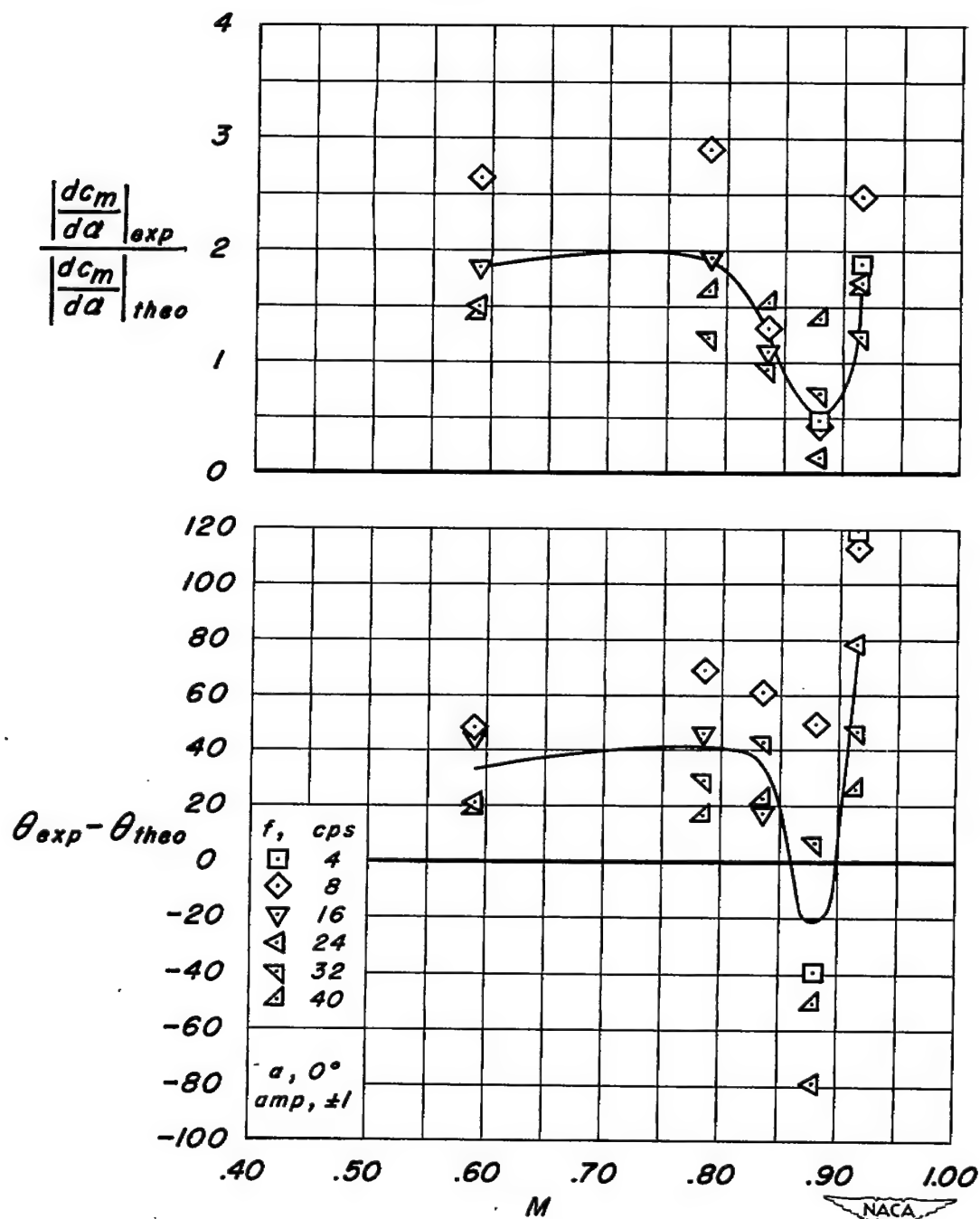
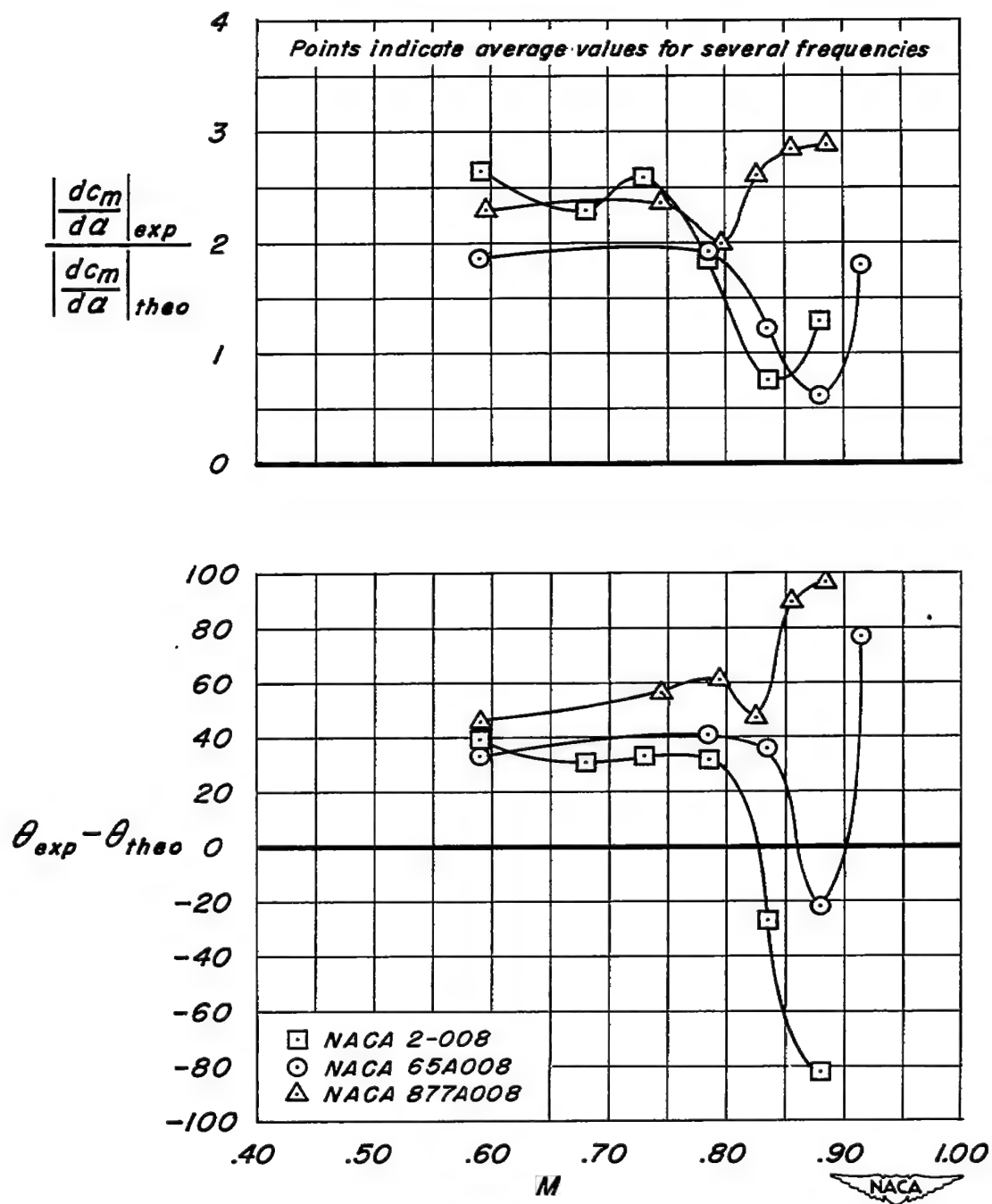


Figure 12.- Variation of experimental results from theory for reference model, NACA 65A008, with a faired line to show the mean variation with Mach number; $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$.



(a) $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$

Figure 13.— Effect of airfoil thickness distribution on moment derivatives.

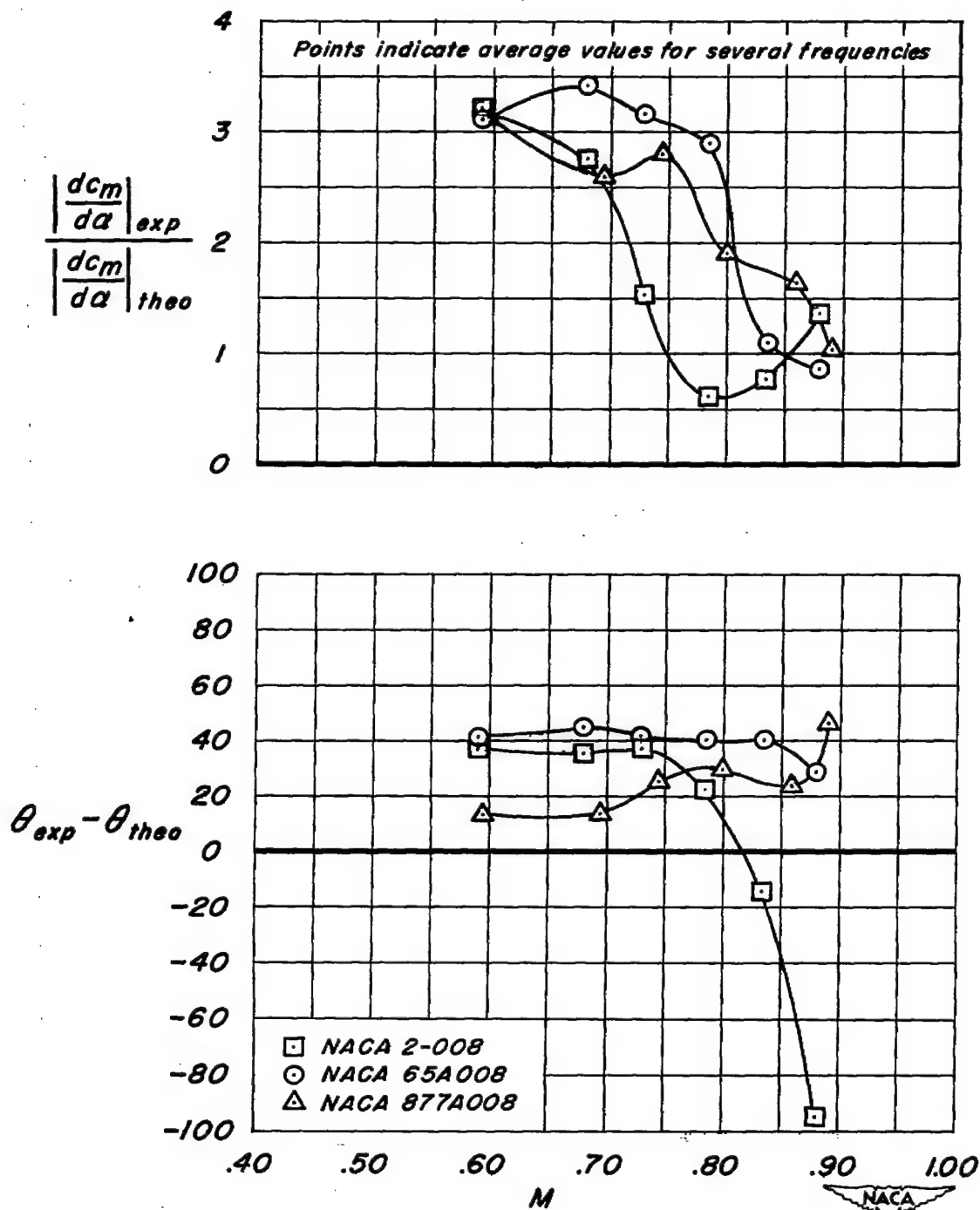
(b) $\alpha_m = 2^\circ$

Figure 13.- Concluded.

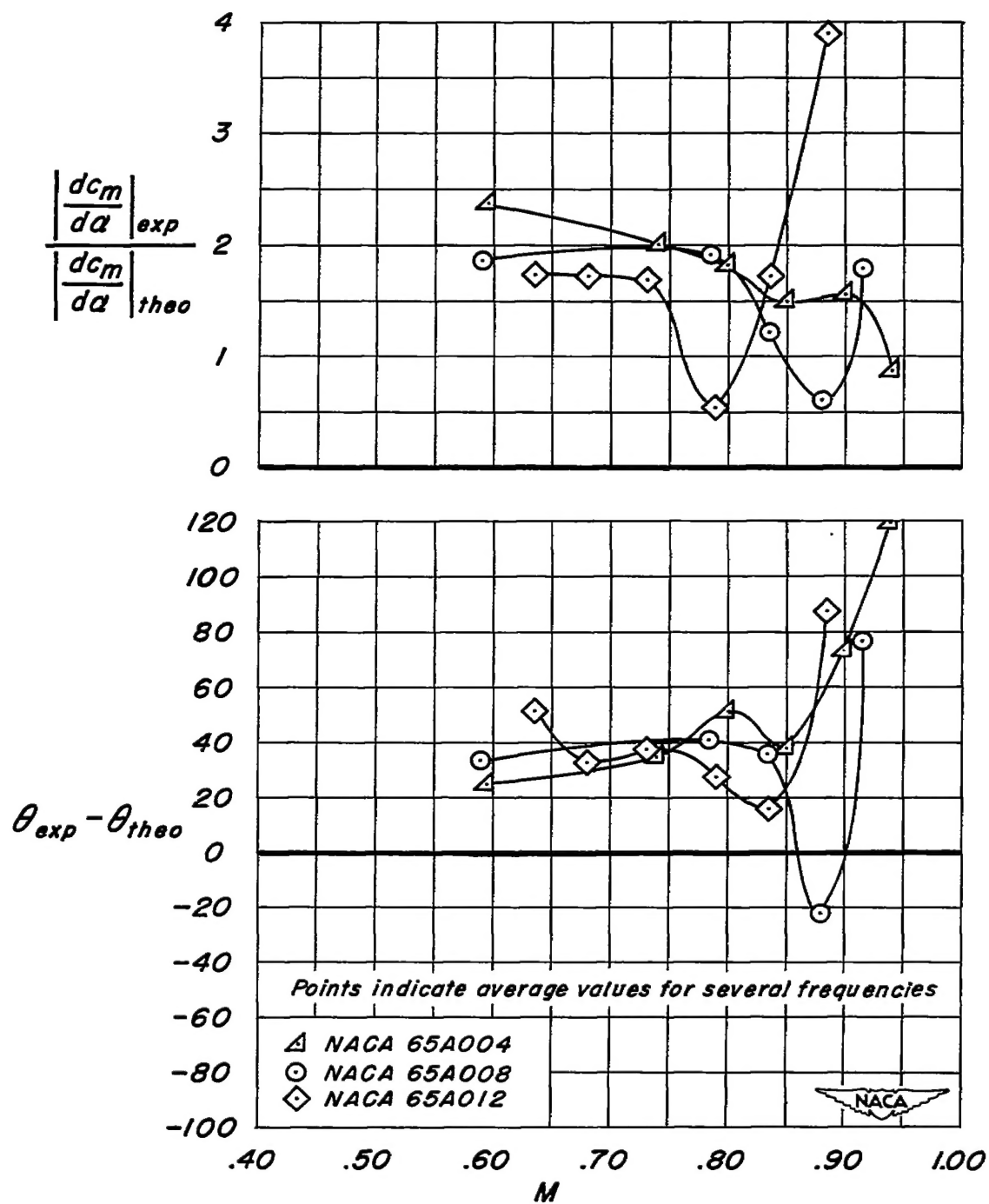
(a) $\alpha_m = 0^\circ$

Figure 14.- Effect of airfoil thickness on moment derivatives.

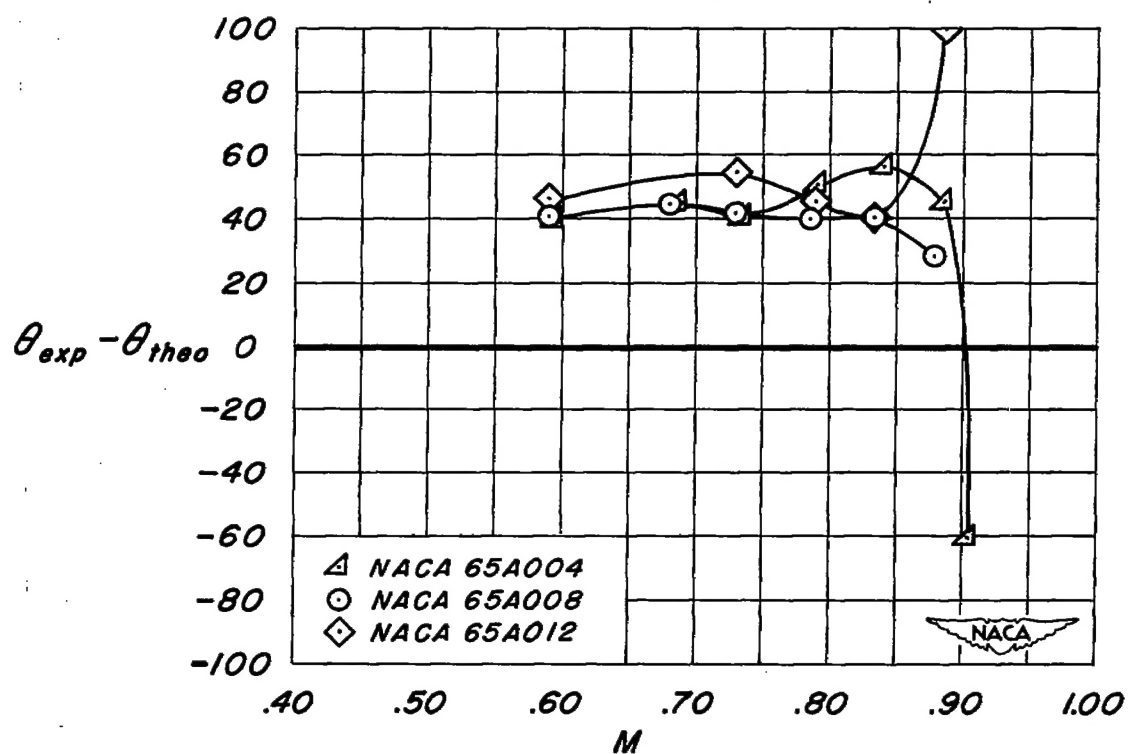
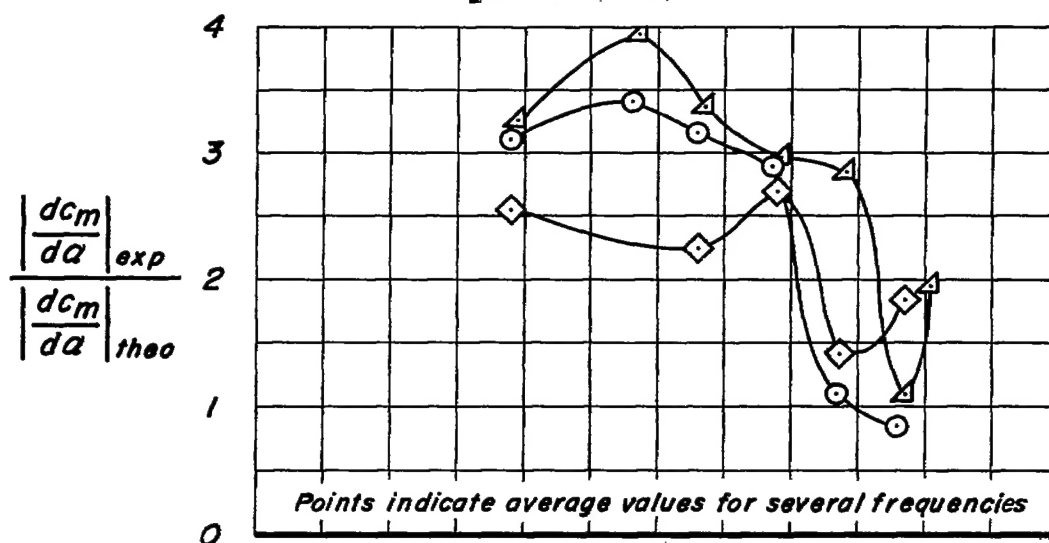
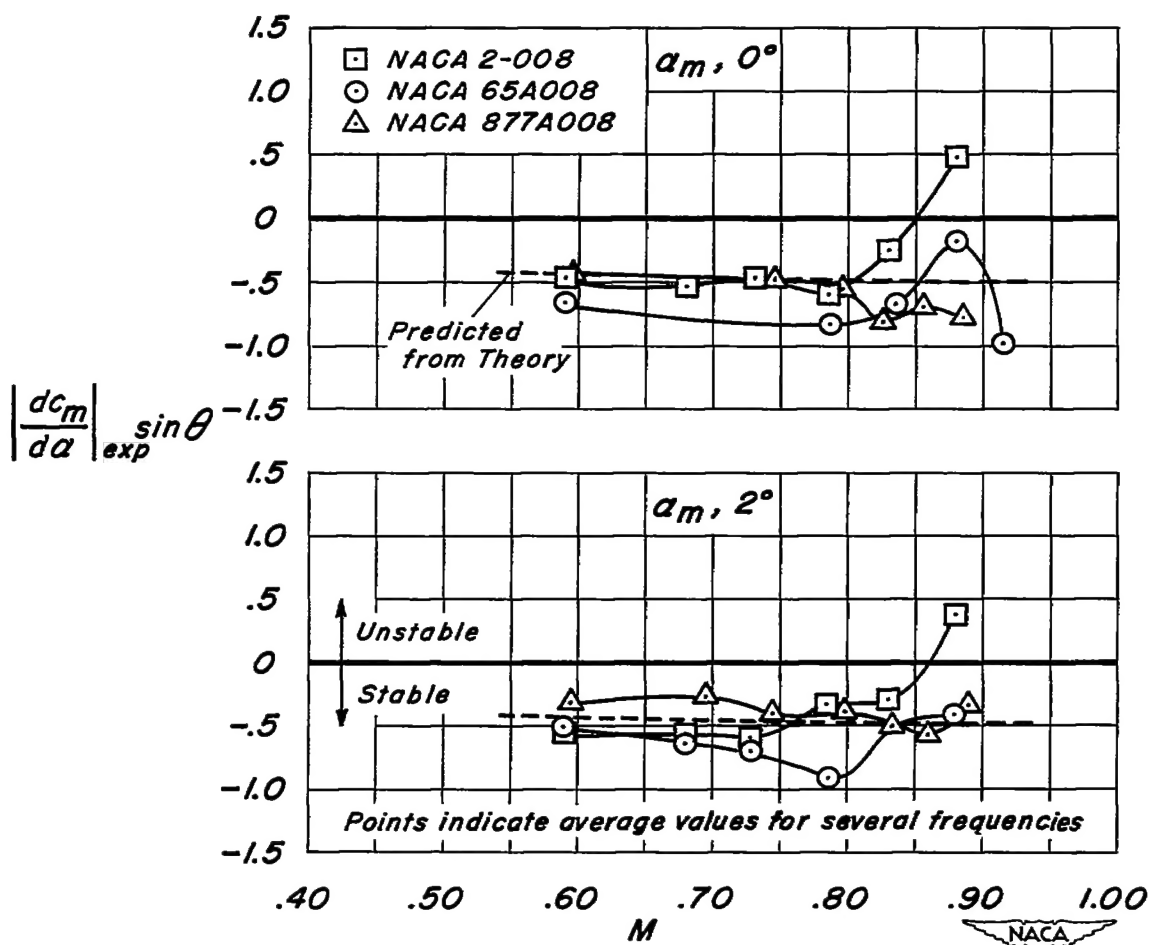
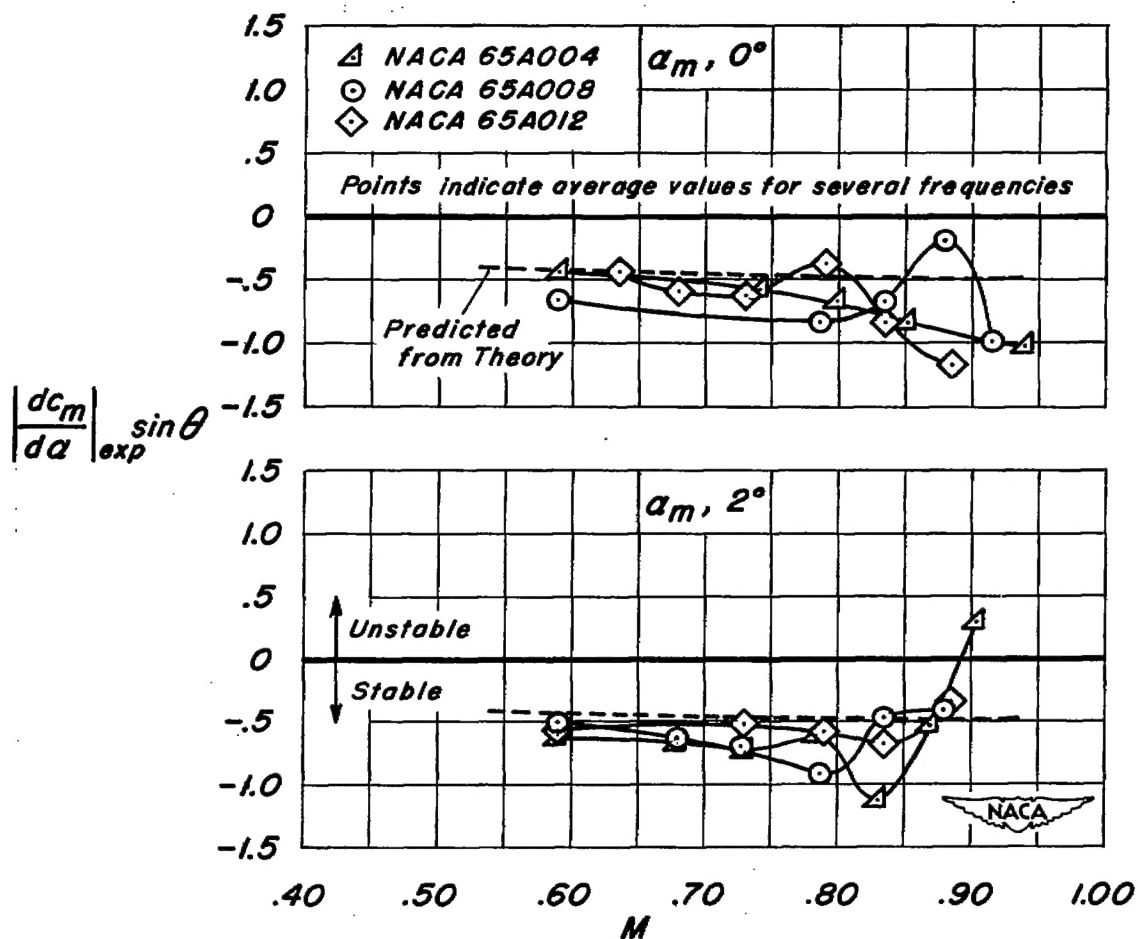
(b) $\alpha_m = 2^\circ$

Figure 14.- Concluded.



(a) Effect of airfoil thickness distribution.

Figure 15.— Damping component of the moment derivatives.



(b) Effect of airfoil thickness.
 Figure 15.- Concluded.